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State Library

THE LAW MAKERS.

CONDENSED REPORT OF THE NORTH CAROLINA STATE LEGISLATURE.

MOST IMPORTANT BILLS INTRODUCED AND PASSED.

Many Bills and Resolutions Introduced—Some of the Important Measures of Greatest Interest to Our Readers.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

Senate—The Senate was notified by a committee from the House of the passage of the impeachment resolution by that body.

Senator Speight introduced a joint resolution expressing the regret and sympaty of the Legislature at the death of Dr. George L. Kirby, Superintendent of the State Hospital for the Insane at Raleigh, which was adopted by a rising vote of the Senate.

Senator Woodard introduced a bill providing for the incorporation of the State prison and to regulate the government thereof.

By Bray (by request)—To prevent the use of toba co by school teachers. Bill was referred to committee on education.

BILLS PASSED FINAL READING.

To establish graded schools in the town of Smithfield.

To authorize New Hanover county to issue bonds for road improvements.

To incorporate the town of Raeford, in Cumberland and Robeson counties.

To prevent locust pin factories in Mitchell county from obstructing the streams of that county, by dumping saw dust, etc., therein.

To authorize Seaboard Air Line Railroad to consolidate with other railroads, the Richmond, Petersburg and Carolina Railroad particularly, and exercise the powers given those roads at present by the laws of North Carolina and Virginia, etc. Amended by committee, so as to prevent consolidation of any competing line.

The bill to amend chapter 198, acts of 1889, in regard to pensions of Confederate veterans—making alterations in existing law, was made special order for Saturday.

House—The following bills were introduced:

Mr. Seawell—An act to protect inhabitants of towns and cities in the right of self government.

Mr. Nicholson—An act to pay the claim of $100 by J. F. Foster in the interest of the shell fish commission.

Mr. Thompson—An act to prevent fishing for perch with seins, or nets, in certain parts of New river, Onslow county.

Mr Simms—An act supplementary of the act creating the Text Book Commission ratified February 8, 1901—this being an act to except from the provisions of said former act the graded schools of Raleigh township, Wake county.

Mr Carlton—An act to establish a stock law in Warsaw township, Duplin county.

Mr Watts of Iredell—An act to provide for the placing of statues of Nathaniel Macon and Zebulon B. Vance in the Hall of Statuary at the capitol in Washington, D C.

Mr Hoey—An act to place certain portions of Burke and Cleveland under the provisions of the stock law.

Mr Mastin—A resolutoin to pay J. W. McNeill expenses in the contested election case of McNeill vs Green.

Mr. Moore—Resolution to pay Cyrus Thompson, ex-Secretary of State, $874.94 for extra clerical assistance.

Mr Pearce—An act to prevent stock from running at large in parts of Craven county.

Mr Allen—An act to restore to the governor the power of appointing the members of the Board of Internal Improvement.

Mr Burlison—An act to prevent the throwing of dynamite and other explosives in streams in Mitchell county.

Mr Ebbs—An act to pension certain ex-Confederate veterans.

Mr Dees—An act to better protect property from fires.

BILLS PASSED.

Joint resolution in respect to the memory of the late Dr George L Kirby.

To authorize the commissioners of Granville to levy a special tax.

To prevent live stock from running at large in Pitt and to amend the stock law in said county.

To prohibit the sale and manufacure of liquors outside of incorporated towns in Buncombe county.

To restore to the Governor the power of appointing members of the Board of Internal Improvements.

THURSDAY.

SENATE—The bill to prohibit the use of tobacco by school teachers was reported unfavorably by the committee.

The following new bills were introduced.

By Mr McAllister—To regulate the learning of trades.

By Mr Buchanan—To provide for working convicts in Mitchell county.

By Mr London—To regulate the stock law of Chatham county. Propositions and Grievances Committee.

By Mr Furshee—To authorize the city of Durham to collect arrearages in taxes. Referred to Propositions and Grievances Committee.

By Mr London (by request)—To prohibit the sale of liquor near any church in Chatham county. Propositions and Grievances Committee.

By Mr Aycock—To provide for the securing of evidence to suppress gambling. Judiciary Committee.

By Mr Gudger—Authorizing Madison county to levy a special tax. Calendar.

By Mr McNeill—To amend the charter of Fayetteville.

BILLS PASSED FINAL READING.

Authorizing McDowell county to issue bonds to improve and enlarge courthouse.

To authorize commissioners of Johnston county to work convicts on public roads of that county.

To authorize Haywood county to levy a special tax.

To prevent live ttock from running at large in Bladen county.

Supplemented to act to prevent the running at large of stock in Mitchell, Watauga and Wilkes county.

To prevent live stock from running at large in Alleghany county.

Resolution relative to Committee on Rules to prepare rules for the government of the impeachment trial of the Supreme Court judges.

To regulate the sale of liquor at town of Clayton. Johnston county. (Establishes dispensary system.

To revise the jury list of Chatham county.

To regulate sale of deadly weapons. (Imposes a tax of $25 on dealers in pistols, brass-knucks. Referred to Finance Committee to be incorporated in revenue bill, if deemed wise.

To protect owners of timber in Wilkes county.

For the benefit of the office of the clerk of the Superior Court of Scotland county.

To prohibit hunting and fishing Mitchell county without owners consent.

To repeal chapter 16 of Vol. 2 of the Code (in reference to indictments, etc.) Senator Henderson explained that this chapter provided for the regulation of elections, and that its repeal was desired so as not to have any conflicting laws to interfere with the new election law on the subject.

To incorporate the Southport, Durham and Wilmington Railroad Company.

HOUSE—The following new bills were introduced:

By Mr Blythe—To take from committee on Rules protests filed against bill to increase Governor's salary and the impeachment resolution.

By Mr McCulloch—To prevent manufacture and sale of liquor in Bladen county.

By Mr Duncan—To allow Sampson county to issue bonds.

By Mr Collins—To provide for working roads of Haywood county and to levy a tax.

By Mr Duls—To apportion the congressional districts.

By Mr Ebbs—To allow Madison county to levy special tax.

Joint resolution to appoint committee to escort remains of the late Dr. Kirby to Goldsboro. The Speaker appointed Messrs. Allen and Hood of Wayne and Whitaker of Forsyth as House branch of the committee.

To correct mistake made in act providing for increase of judicial districts. Strikes out "fifteen" and inserts "sixteen." Adopted.

BILLS PASSED FINAL READING.

To allow Hertford county to levy special tax.

To allow Surry county to levy special tax.

To allow Wake county to fund its floating debt.

To allow Clay county to levy special tax.

To establish stock law in portions of Pamlico county.

To repeal section 1099 of the Code, re-enact the same. Mr. Hayes explained that the object of this bill was to prevent prosecutions for alleged irregularities or misdemeanors in relation to recent elections. Messrs. Ebbs and Blythe opposed the bill. The bill passed on roll call.

To prevent hunting game in Orange, Franklin and Scotland counties on lands of owner without written consent.

Senate bill to establish a dispensary in Tarboro passed its final reading.

FRIDAY.

SENATE—The following new bills were introduced:

By Mr Morrison—To amend and consolidate the Union county dispensary law. Calendar.

By Mr Vann—To incorporate the Raleigh & Virginia Railroad Company. Corporations Committee.

By Mr. Leak—To create a road commission for Union county.

By Mr Calvert—To pension J. P. Bennett. Pensions Committee.

By Mr Bray—To better protect wild fowls in Currituck county.

By Mr Broughton—In relation to neglected or abandoned children.

By Mr Broughton—To amend the charter of Raleigh. Counties, Cities and Towns Committee.

By Mr Morrison—For the relief of the clerk of the Superior Court of Richmond county.

By Mr Morrison—To regulate the State printing, placing letting of contract (at present prices paid to existing public printers) in hands of Executive Council. Calendar.

By Mr Brown—To protect deer and fish in Bladen and Columbus counties.

BILLS PASSED.

The following bills passed their final reading.

To prevent the running at large of live-stock in Alleghany county.

To amend chapter 501 of the Code, in reference to homesteads. This is the Vann substitute for the Henderson bill. Amended on final reading by Mr Vann, as follows: "That the running of the statute of limitations be suspended as to judgments under which homesteads are allotted, and all other judgments." As amended, the bill passed.

To regulate the State printing, placing letting of contract in hands of Executive Council, at not to exceed rates stated in bill. (Present rates paid.) Sent to House.

To amend, revise and consolidate the Union county dispensary law.

The divorce bill was again postponed, until next Tuesday.

HOUSE—The following new bills were introduced:

By Mr Wilson—An act authorizing the commissioners of Caswell to levy a special tax.

By Mr Ardrey—An act to amend chapter 431 of the Laws of 1897, relative to the passage of fish in the Catawba river.

By Mr Mauney—An act to change the line between the counties of Graham and Macon.

By Mr McIver—An act to prevent the use of profane language in the presence of women.

By Mr Yarborough—An act to establish a live-stock law in Franklin.

By Mr Gattis—An act to raise revenue.

By Mr White of Jones—An act to prevent the felling of timber across certain streams in Jones and Lenoir counties.

By Mr Roberson of Guilford—An act to except High Point from the act creating the text-book commission.

By Mr Blythe—A resolution to adjourn at noon in honor of the birthday of George Washington.

By Mr Dean (by request)—An act to amend section 1, chapter 65, of the Laws of 1895, relating to barbed-wire fences.

By Mr. Moore—An act to prohibit the manufacture of whiskey and brandy in Clay (by request).

By Mr Smith—An act to incorporate the Raleigh & Virginia Railroad Company.

By Mr Duls (by request)—An act to amend chapter 54, Laws of 1899, relating to insurance companies.

By Mr Carr—An act to pay the expenses of the committee visiting the University and the Normal School.

BILLS PASSED THIRD READING.

The following bills passed their third reading.

To amend and consolidate the Union county dispensary laws.

To incorporate the Oxford Seminary for Girls.

To pay expenses of the visiting committee in visiting University of North Carolina, Normal School at Greensboro and other institutions.

To protect game birds in the counties of Currituck, Camden and Pasquotank.

To amend section 1717 of the Code so as to allow the narrow-gauge and tramroads of the State to carry passengers and freights without being subject to the fines as now imposed under the law.

At 1:30 o'clock the House adjourned in honor of the birthday of George Washinton.

To authorize and empower the county commissioners of Sampson county to issue bonds and levy a special tax.

For the relief of certain citizens of Bladen county, relating to costs in certain actions.

To authorize Secretary of State to issue land grant to J. M. Kitchener, Confederate soldier, to peddle without license; general bill.

To protect and promote the oyster industry of North Carolina. This bill was prepared by the joint Committee on Oyster Laws.

Amending an act relating to State Board of Health, enlarging the board and changes the terms of office from two years to six years; county physician from one to two years; creates a county sanitary commission, composed of the county commissioners and two physicians, whose duty it is to look after the health of the county, with same powers as county commissioners have now.

To establish a graded school in Marion, McDowell county. Levying a special tax on liquor.

Authorizing any town or city along the line of the Great Eastern Railway to subscribe capital stock.

(Continued on Second Page.)

Stealing Negro Boys.

Columbia, S. C., Feb. 26.—A. P. Donaway, employed on the great plantation of James Smith, at Smithsonia, Ga., has been arrested and brought to Greenwood, this State, on the charge of kidnapping several negro boys and taking them to the Georgia plantation, where they were set to work.

Donaway has been committed for trial at the Court of Sessions. The warrant for his arrest was sworn out by the father of one of the boys carried away.

Asks Damages for Daughter's Death.

Bristol, Va., Feb. 27.—F. M. Young, a Virginia farmer, has brought suit in the Circuit court here against Sullins College for Young Ladies for $10,000 damages. Young's daughter died in Sullins College a year ago of typhoid fever. Mr. Young charges neglect of sanitary conditions.

A WOMAN'S HOTEL.

New York Seems to be About to Attempt One at Last.

Harper's Weekly.

The Woman's Hotel Company in New York is reported to have bought land in East Twenty-ninth street, near Madison avenue, and to have definitely determined to put up a modern hotel big enough to hold 500 women and make them comfortable.

The project has been hanging fire for a good while, and the evidence that it will now be put through is not quite convincing yet. It is said that the company has subscriptions amounting to $300,000 with which to start. Similar hotels are averred to be in successful operation in Philadelphia, Brooklyn, Chicago, Boston and Baltimore, but possibly even that does not assure success in New York. The idea is to furnish better board and lodging to lone working women than they can get elsewhere. There are 60,000 or 70,000 self-supporting women in New York and they have not so wide a choice of lodging as men have.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

What "Squib" Thinks of Things in General.

The 25th Senatorial District has the two smallest men in the Senate.

It is coming down to the genuine old English doctrine that whoever fears is not fit to live.

The voice of God can be felt and heard without intermediary assistance.

A paradox but true, in temple, forum or tabernacle, that lessons can be learned from ignorant people, who are the closest observers of God's laws and the Dispenser's keenest watchers of the laws.

The instalment plan of action on pianos, fertilizers, organs, etc, is the farmers' worst enemy. It teaches easy buying and hard paying.

A REMARKABLE COINCIDENCE.

Mrs. Martha Washington, Widow of George Washington, Dies on Feb. 22.

Washington Post

Wheeling, W. Va., Feb. 22.—Mrs. Martha Washington, widow of George Washington, died this morning at her home in Bellaire.

It is a remarkable coincidence, the names being the same as those of the first President of the United States and his wife, and the day of her death being Washington's birthday.

BIG FIRE IN ATLANTA.

$500,000 Property Burned in the Heart of the City.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 21.—Fire this morning broke out in the business section bounded by Decatur, Lloyd and Wall streets, and Railroad avenue. The flames destroyed business property valued at half a million dollars. This is in the heart of the city, and came near causing the largest conflagration in the city's history.

Horrible Death of Mrs. Gurley.

The Goldsboro correspondent of the Charlotte Observer of last week says: Mrs. Lizzie Crawford Gurley, wife of Mr. Ed. Gurley, of Walter, this county, was burned to death at her home yesterday afternoon. Mrs. Gurley had been threatened with vertigo for several days. Mr. Gurley had just given her a dose of medicine and had gone to put a bolt on a plow. When he returned to the house he found his wife burned beyond recognition. Her lap board was under her, her scissors in her hand, and her face and shoulders in the fire. It is surmised while sitting near the fireplace she was attacked by vertigo and fell forward into the fire.

Won Without Trying.

London Labor Leader.

A minister was one day walking along a road, and to his astonishment he saw a crowd of boys sitting in front of a ring with a small dog in the centre. When he came up to them he put the following question: "What are you doing to the dog?"

One little boy said: "Whoever tells the biggest lie wins it."

"Oh," said the minister, "I am surprised at you little boys, for when I was like you I never told a lie."

There was silence for awhile, until one of the boys shouted: "Hand him up the dog!"

Two Girls Burned to Death.

Montgomery, Ala., Feb. 27.—Bessie and Alice Wilkes, aged 16 and 18, were cremated in a fire at the home of their widowed mother, Mrs. Wilkes, at Prattville, last week. The charred remains of one of the young girls was found with a mattress over her head, which she placed there in endeavoring to protect herself from the flames.

Thirteen Negroes Entomed.

Tuscaloosa, Ala., Feb. 21.—As a result of the giving away of a wall the Asylum mines here were flooded yesterday afternoon and thirteen negro miners were entombed in ten feet of water, with little prospect of being rescued. When the first rush of water entered the mine eleven miners were able to get out.

The Old Sport.

Philadelphia Times.

"He's now making more money backing horses than he ever did."

How?"

"He's working on a dump."

THE RIO WRECKED

THE PACIFIC MAIL STEAMER SUNK OUTSIDE OF SAN FRANCISCO HARBOR.

OVER ONE HUNDRED PEOPLE GO DOWN TO WATERY GRAVES.

Consulor Wildman and His Family Returning from Hong Kong and Captain William Ward are Among Those Who Perished—Capt. Ward Was a Native of Raleigh.

San Francisco, Feb. 22.—The Pacific Mail steamer Rio de Janerio ran on a hidden rock while entering the Golden Gate early this morning in a dense fog. She sank a few minutes after striking.

The latest figures place the loss at 122 persons, most of whom were Chinese and Japanese, but it is impossible to ascertain the exact number, owing to the fact that Purser John Rooney, who had the passenger list and roster of the crew is among the missing.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon ten bodies had been recovered, two white women, one white man and seven Chinese. The most prominent passenger on the steamer was Rounseville Wildman, U. S Consul at Hong Kong, who was accompanied by his wife and two children. It is thought all were drowned.

The ship was in command of Pilot Frederick Jordan when she struck. He was rescued. Captain William Ward went down with his vessel.

The officers were cool and gave the necessary orders with the least possible excitement.

Captain Ward, who was on deck when the vessel struck, at once gave orders to the crew on watch to hurry the passengers to the forward deck. The quartermaster on duty sounded the signal for fire drill and within five minutes all the men were at their stations. The captain gave orders to lower the life-boats and life rafts. There was not much confusion until fifteen minutes after striking the bow of the vessel suddenly plunged under water. Then there was a wild rush for the boats. Two boats had already been lowered and others were getting away as rapidly as the trained discipline of the crew could prepare them. A thick fog enveloped everything and as yet no sign had come from the life saving stations. Darkness was all about and with this added horror the people on the Rio had to cope.

A number of Italian fishermen who were just starting this morning saw the sinking of the Rio and hastened to render assistance. Meantime many of the terrified people rushed to the railings and jumped overboard. Some were picked up, others drowned. The Chinese crew, numbering over a hundred, was terrorized. Many jumped into the sea.

Captain Ward remained on deck until the vessel had settled and the water was ingulfing him. Then he went up on the bridge to issue directions.

That the steamer sank almost immediately after striking is the report of a majority of those rescued. The wreck lies about three-fourths of a mile south of Fort Point, about a thousand yards off the rocky shore. The smokestack and a portion of the upper works of the ill fated steamer are visible.

Three survivors say that they saw Captain Ward to the last, but Frederick Lindstrom, the quartermaster of the Rio, emphatically declared that Captain Ward emulated Admiral Tyron of Her British Majesty's ship Victoria, in going down to his cabin, where he met his doom behind a locked door.

THE MAIL BAGS RIFLED.

The Italian fishermen brought to the Merchant's Exchange station at Meigg's wharf twelve bags of mail, which they picked up at the scene of the wreck. These include two pouches from the United States military station in China. Also two bags of registered mail. When the registered bags were delivered it was found that they had been ripped open with a knife and all their contents stolen. When this crime was committed is a question, but the fishermen who brought them in are not suspected, and it is impossible to determine who the robbers are.

The Rio carried in all 200 bags of mail.

CAPT. WARD A NATIVE OF RALEIGH.

Captain Ward was a native of Raleigh and lived here for many years. Messrs. Frank and John Ward, of Raleigh, are his brothers. They received a telegram from San Francisco Friday night stating that their brother went down at his post and had not been seen since. The brothers have the sympathy of the people of Raleigh in their grief.

The city council of Danville has passed the Hampton curfew ordinance by a vote of 10 to 3. The ordinance was indorsed by the W. C. T. U. and many citizens.

Mrs. Moses Stickles, of Berryville, Va., in some way scratched her hand with a pin one day last week, blood poison set in and on Monday night she died after great suffering.

BOER LEADERS ISSUE PROCLAMATION.

British Charged With Ill-Treating Women and Children South African War Still Rages.

President Steyn and General De-Wet have issued a proclamation announcing that the war forced on the Transvaal republics by the British government," still rages over South Africa and asserting that the British do not observe all the customs of civilized warfare and the Geneva and The Hague conventions; that the enemy capture and deport doctors and ambulances and seize ambulance materisl; arrest neutrals; arm Kaffirs and natives, and use them against the Boer forces; and they send out their bands to plunder the country and insult, rape or give harsh treatment to women and children. The proclamation says that nearly all the houses in the republic have been destroyed and that the British charge of misuse of the white flag is an everlasting calumny against the Afrikander. After pointing out that the war is still on and the Boer forces are still led by responsible leaders, supervised by the government of both republics, the proclamation says:

"The burghers would be less than men if they allowed the enemy to go unpunished after ill treating their wives and destroying their houses from sheer lust of destruction. Therefore, we warn officers of His Majesty's troops that unless they cease the destruction of the property of the republics we shall wreck vengence by destroying the property of His Majesty's subjects who are unkindly disposed. But we hereby openly declare that their wives and children will always be unmolested, in spite of anything done to us by His Majesty's troops. We request nothing from our brothers in the colony, but call on them, as well as on the civilized world, to assist in behalf of our joint civilization and christianity, in putting an end to the the barberous manner of the enemy's warfare."

MORPHINE FIEND'S TRICK.

Arrested While in Bed with His Clothes On—Has Not Been Identified.

Danville, Va., Feb. 23.—C. M. Roper is in jail here charged with attempting to work a voucher of the North Carolina penitentiary on a Reidsville bank. The voucher was drawn in favor of the Roper Lumber Company, of Norfolk. Evans, the bank cashier, paid the voucher of $271, and afterward becoming suspicious, caught a freight train and traced the man here.

Roper had invested in a horse and buggy, driving here and putting up at the leading hotel. He was found in bed at an early hour with his clothes on. He drew a revolver on the cashier, who was in company with the chief of police. The weapon was taken from him.

The man is a confirmed morphine user, and has a full set of instruments with him. He broke down and cried when disarmed, and pleaded his habit as his his defense, saying he was unconscious of his actions. He is apparently a well-to-do man, though no one has identified him. He is now in jail. Roper begged to be sent to a Richmond sanitarium for treatment.

HAVE YOU TALENT?

It is Not Difficult to Discover for What One Has a Natural Aptitude.

"One good way, I think, to judge whether we have a talent for anything or not is to watch the motive that draws us toward doing a thing," writes Helen Watterson Moody in the March Ladies' Home Journal. "If we do it because it is the fashion, or because other girls are doing it, or because we have to do it for some useful purpose, it is not probable that we have a real talent for it; but if we find ourselves doing it just because we really love it, and would rather do it than not; if it is doing the thing itself that attracts us, and not the eclat it is going to give us in the eyes of others—why then I think we may reasonably conclude that God has given us a real talent for that particular sort of thing."

MRS. NATION MAY VISIT US.

May Smash Dispensaries as She Smashes Anything That Smashes the Darlings

A special to the News and Observer from Rutherfordton, N. C., says: C. D. Wilkes, of the News Bureau, telegraphed Mrs. Carrie Nation, asking if she was coming to North Carolina and if she smashed dispensaries.

The following reply was received:

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 21.—Will see you later. We smash anything that smashes our darlings.

MRS. CARRIE NATION.

WHITES DISGUISED AS NEGROES

Commit Two Robberies They Secure Little Booty.

Greensboro, N. C., Feb. 22.—Two more persons were waylaid and robbed in this city last night. They were Edward Duffey, a young white man, and Will Hall, a negro. The first named was robbed of his overcoat and $1.10; the latter was relieved of a dollar.

Both robberies occurred in the same section of town and near the same time. The robbers were white men in the disguise of negroes.

Bill Fining Bachelors Did not Pass.

Hartford, Conn., Feb. 26.—The Connecticut house of representatives has concurred with the State senate in rejecting a bill fining bachelors $100 if married after the age of 40 years.

MR. EBBS ON THE IMPEACHMENT.

His Speech Was Full of Legal Argument That Could Not be Refuted—The Protest Against Impeachment Was Introduced by Mr. Blythe.

In our last issue we gave the speeches by Mr. Stubbs and Mr. Owen (of Sampson) on the impeachment proceedings in the House. We give this week the able speech by Mr. Ebbs of Madison, and also the protest against the impeachment resolutions.

The protest against the passage of the impeachment resolution was introduced by Mr. Blythe of Henderson. It is signed by the Republican and Populist members of the House, and is as follows:

PROTEST INTRODUCED BY MR. BLYTHE.

To the Honorable Speaker and Gentlemen of the General Assembly:

We, the undersigned, respectfully request to enter this our protest against the passage of the resolution to impeach Chief Justice David M. Furches and Associate Justice Robert M. Douglas, and ask that same be printed in the journal of this House, viz.:

1. It is the province of the Legislature to enact laws, and the province of the courts to interpret, construe and apply the laws. Robinson vs. Barfield, 6 N. C., 390, etc.

2. The power to interpret, construe and apply the laws is conferred by the Constitution; therefore any act of the Legislature attempting to prevent the courts performing this function is void.

3. The decision in the case of White vs. Hill, 125 N. C., giving White the remainder of a term of office for which he had been appointed, the duties and the salary being continued, was in accordance with the unanimous opinion of the Supreme Court in Hoke vs. Henderson, 15 N. C., 1, and upheld by the present court in Wood vs. Bellamy, 120 N. C., and State vs. Southern Railway, 125 N. C., 666, upholding Abbott vs. Beddingfield, 125 N. C., 256:

4. We cannot conclude that since the justices have followed a long line of judicial decisions that they have in any respect acted corruptly.

5. That the proceeding against the Auditor is not in our opinion a claim against the State within the prohibition of the court. A claim of this kind is one against the State for which the Legislature has made no provision or appropriation. Garner vs. Worth, 122, 250, and Arendell vs. Worth, 125, 111.

In this case; White vs. Auditor, a special and particular fund is provided from a special and particular industry for this especial and particular purpose. Laws 1897, chapter 13, and Laws 1899, chapter 19.

The Superior and Supreme Courts have found the amount to be paid this particular officer by the Treasurer; therefore nothing more than a ministerial duty is left to be performed by the Auditor and Treasurer. Cofton vs. Ellis, 52, 545, and Marbury vs. Madison, 1 Cranch, 64, etc.; Bailey vs. Caldwell, 68 N. C., 472, etc.

6. The evidence taken by the Sub-Judiciary Committee, of itself ex parte in substance and manner of its production, and, as stated by the gentlemen of the Sub-Judiciary Committee, the strongest that the committee could obtain, is, although uncontradicted and unexplained, not of itself sufficient to warrant this House in adopting any resolution of censure of impeachment.

For the reasons set forth, we deliberately and solemnly yet respectfully protest against the passage of either of these resolutions. Respectfully (signed by) O. V. F. Blythe, I. N. Ebbs, J. W. McFarland, C. M. Sheets, R. J. Petree, C. J. Carson, William H. Caloway, W. T. Payne, John Burnett, H. D. Dean, William M. McIntosh, R. T. Colman, Hiram Weaver, John B. Isbell, E. O Mastin, F. D. Benbow, Sam G. Brim, T. E. Owen, N. G. Duncan, J. E. Burlison.

MR. EBB'S ABLE ARGUMENT

At 10 o'clock a m, Feb. 18, 1901, the House resumed the consideration of the resolution to impeach Chief Justice, David M. Furches and Associate Justice, Robert M. Douglas. Mr. Ebbs, of Madison county, arose and addressed the House as follows:

Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House of Representatives of North Carolina:—I arise at this time to address this body on the resolution now pending, and in doing so, desire to say, that this is a proposition of great moment, not only to these Judges, but to the State and the people as well. In discussing this great and serious question, I desire to call your attention to Sec. 8 of Article One of our State Constitution, which reads as follows:

"The legislative, executive and supreme Judicial power of the goveanment ought to be forever separate and distinct from each other." In other words, Mr. Speaker, this ought to show, and I think it does, to every fair minded man, that the judicial department of the government is not, and in my judgement ought not to be, subject to the arbitrary instruction of the legislative department; and it does seem to me, that a legislative body of an average degree of intelligence, and this body is of that character, I am sure, should know that a judicial department of any State, if it did not resent, would at least ignore an effort on the part of the legislative department to instruct the judicial department as to how it should construe legislative acts.

In this commonwealth, where the legislative and judicial departments are entirely separate and distinct, neither one is ever permitted to intrench itself upon the power, autnority and domain of the other. In construing a statute, the courts never look at the mere declaration that a legislature makes, but it looks at the substance of what it does and always renders its judgment accordingly. In support of this proposition, Mr. Speaker, by your permission, I will read what the Supreme Court of North Carolina said in the case of Robinson vs. Barfield, (2 Murphy, page 1,) you will please bear in mind that this decision was made, and the opinion written by Judge Daniels, one of the most able Judges of North Carolina, nearly one hundred years ago, and substantially has been followed by all subsequent decisions along that line. (Here the speaker read from the decision above.) "The Supreme court of North Carolina ignored such a decision on the part of the legislature and in the decision said that the court would allow such declarations attempting to instruct the judiciary to remain "as dead letter" on the statute books. The speaker read further on in the decision, where Judge Daniels, in delivering the opinion of the court said:

"This court can neither nibble at the legislative power nor can the legislative stride over the judicial."

In the case of the United States vs. Claffin (97 Reports page 546):

"A recital in a statute, that a former statute was repealed or superseded by subsequent acts, is not conclusive as to such repeal or supersedure. Whether a statute was so repealed is a judicial, and not a legislative question."

Here, Mr Speaker, it is written so plainly, though we be but "wayfaring men," yet we may read as we run and understand" The decision to which I at first referred, as I said awhile ago, was made in North Carolina nearly one hundred years ago, and has been followed to the very letter by all our distinguished jurists, who have adorned the Supreme Bench of North Carolina during that period of time.

Now in this year of grace, 1901, for the first time since the inception of our Supreme court in North Carolina do we hear it said that the legislative department of our State government has a right, and can do it with impunity, to "stride over" the judicial department, and dictate to it how it shall construe statutory law, and the manner in which it is to be governed in issuing mandates to enforce its orders. This is an age of progress, both in the science of government and the material development of our great and noble State, and I pause to say, Mr. Speaker and gentlemen of the House, let us today take no backwark step, make no mistake in our deliberations upon this question, but, on the contrary, let us act and vote in such way that no injustice will be done these judges. Mr. Speaker, it is only the province of the Legislative department to enact laws, and not to advise the judicial department as to how it should construe laws, and in support of this proposition, I wish, by your permission, to read from the famous case of Hoke vs. Henderson, (15 N C., page 12): "The faculty is expressly denied to our Legislature of adjudication, as much as legislation is denied to our judiciary.

Whenever an act of the Assembly therefore is a decision of titles between individuals, or classes of individuals, although it may in terms purport to be the introduction of a new rule of title, it is essentially a a judgement against the old claim of right; which is not a legislative, but a judicial function. "Now, Mr. Speaker, take the case of Theophilus White, and in that case I desire to lay down this proposition. That if he had been duly appointed, or was by the act of the Legislature of 1897, appointed to the office of Chief Inspector of the Shell Fish Industry of North Carolina, and had not forfeited his office and had made no assignment or conveyance, or had not been guilty of malfeasance or misfeasance, that he had a vested right in it, which the Legislature of 1899, could not, by the acts of 1899, chapters 18, 19 and 21 divest him of. In support of this proposition I desire to read from the 120 N. C., page 212: Mr. Justice Mongomery, said in rendering the opinion of the court: "An office is property and is the subject of protection like any other property under the provisions of Sec 17 of Article 1 of the constitution, subject to the qualifications that it cannot be sold or assigned or the performance of its duties (as a rule) deputed to another, and that for misfeasance and malfeasance the holder may, by competent authority, be deprived of the same. A public office being private property, so long as the office is in existence, the terms for which the holder has been elected or appointed cannot be lessened to the prejudice of the incumbent, unless he has committed some act which works a forfeiture." Now Mr. Speaker, I do not think there is a member on this floor to day who will question White's right, legally and morally, to the office of Inspection of the Oyster Industry of North Carolina, that being so, then I ask in the name of honesty, by what law should he be deprived of the incidents of that office, and the right, when the incidents, or emoluments are denied to him, to go into the courts of his country and ask for the writ of mandamus to enforce his claim for those incidents or emoluments? I would further ask, Mr. Speaker, by what right this Legislature is now

(Continued on Second Page.)

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STAND FROM UNDER.

The House in an overwhelming vote in favor of the impeachment of Judges Furches and Douglass, on extreme partisan grounds and without any just cause whatever, has established the doctrine that any time the legislature should be controlled by an element that have little regard for law, they can absolutely nullify decisions of the highest court in the State. Now let us calmly discuss this matter and see what danger lurks behind such an infamous doctrine.

We unhesitatingly say that we do not entertain the belief for one moment that the conservative, sober-minded and law-abiding element endorse such a dangerous doctrine as the legislature is now seeking to permanently establish. If they carry out such as they have now undertaken, we might as well dispense with the Supreme Court entirely, for there would certainly be no need for such a tribunal.

The Constitution of North Carolina invests our Supreme Court with highest judicial powers, it makes the court an independent, but co-ordinate branch of the State government, and so hedges it about that the legislature cannot "nibble" away or destroy its authority. But what is attempted or contemplated by the machine in the impeachment cases?

The legislature is acting on the principle that in rendering the decision in the White case the court transcended their jurisdiction, when as a matter of fact, they only affirmed the doctrine of the court for the past fifty years.

Hoke vs. Henderson has been held to be good law by all Democratic courts and it is infamous now for any Democrats, who endorsed that decision when the court was in control of their party, to denounce the action of the present court in upholding the same principles in the famous case of Hoke vs. Henderson.

The judges in the White case held that White had a right to hold the office for a specified term, and that he could not be preemtorily dismissed by some legislative legerdemain. And when the legislature of 1899 sought to get rid of White by the legislative trick of changing the name of the office which he held, and in some respects altering the jurisdiction of the old railroad commissioners they deliberately violated the Constitution, and the court declared their act unconstitutional, citing the famous Hoke vs. Henderson case to sustain their position.

Therefore, if the legislature had enacted an unconstitutional law it was the solemn duty of the court so to declare. And the court was compelled to see that there was proper redress of the grievance, and they accordingly issued the mandamus requiring the State Treasurer to pay the salary of White.

Now, if the power or authority of the Supreme Court is to be curtailed or abridged or trespassed on what assurances have the better element of the State that the mob may not at any time when in control of the legislature, overthrow all decisions of the court, thus endangering life and liberty and property. It is time to stand from under!

NOTHING BUT A BLIND PARTISAN

"Was that not a very unfortunate admission on the part of Judge Connor when declining to be one of the board of managers on the part of the House to prosecute the charges against the Judges in the impeachment trial, that "when my party speaks I speak"? Does not this give strong color to the charge already made that this impeachment is a party proceeding? This was a serious slip"—Raleigh Post.

Indeed, such an utterance as quoted above, establishes conclusively the charge made by The Caucasian that the whole impeachment proceedings were inspired by intense partisanship for the purpose of changing the political complexion of the court to subserve party ends.

When the proceedings were instituted we predicted that a "true bill" would be found because the political machine now in control, had ordered the impeachment of the Judges.

In view of the fact that a great number of members of the legislature owe their election to the damnable ballot stuffing methods of the machine it could not be expected that they would rise above partisanship in dealing with the impeachment matter.

The machine followers are men of such small calibre and so narrow minded that the conservative people of the State have no ground for belief that they will act with any degree of moderation.

They came into power through anarchy, lawlessness, riot and blood shed, and having imbibed and practiced that spirit they cannot be expected to act differently now. It should be remembered that a stream cannot rise higher than its source.

Why should the people expect to witness the example of lawful and orderly conduct from men who obtained power by mob violence, anarchy and absolute disregard of the constitution?

A fine sample of narrow partisanship is shown in the above declaration of Judge Connor. To endorse absolutely and without reserve the action of the House in the impeachment case, now that a majority of that body has spoken, Judge Connor should have joined them in the vote.

In his declaration of party he places himself on the same low plane with the political slave—His doctrine then is: "Right or wrong, my party."

Judge Connor evidently believes that his party can do no wrong. He is now a typical, full-fledged member of the Simmons machine, his declaration, per se, entitled him to full membership in that organization, and in the future this gentleman who has enjoyed high honors in the State, is expected to play the slave act wherever the machine decrees.

ABOUT THE ELECTION LAW.

The Raleigh Post, commenting on the proposed changes in the Election Law, says:

"When incorporated into the statutes both parties will hereafter be fairly represented in the machinery provided for conducting the elections. That is all they can ask. The people will do the rest to suit themselves, and they do this sometimes regardless of election laws, as they did in 1898."

Here is a frank confession from The Post that the election law was outrageously violated in 1898. Yet that paper would probably argue for party purposes, that the election was not violated in the third and sixth districts in 1898.

We dare say that The Post would strenuously endeavor to prove that the election in 1898 was carried by absolutely fair and honest methods, if the editor were compelled to testify in a Congressional investigation.

The Election law was grossly violated in 1898 and again in both elections in 1900.

The good people of the State demand the enactment of a fair, just and honest election law, and they will be satisfied with nothing less.

The State has been disgraced and humiliated by the conduct of ballot stuffers, and the people will not longer submit to this condition of affairs.

BUNCOMBE TO HAVE A MONOPOLY.

Mr. Curtis, of Buncombe county has introduced in the Legislature and secured the passage of the following bill:

Sec. 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person to manufacture or sell any spirituous, vinous or malt, liquors or brandies anywhere except in the incorporated towns of Buncombe county.

Section 2 makes it a misdemeaner, punishable by fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Unless the above is amended Asheville will be sure to prove a popular summer, as well as winter resort, as the bill prohibits the manufacture and sale of liquor anywhere in the world except in the incorporated towns of Buncombe county. It is thought the bill was meant to apply to Buncombe county, and it is quite probable that an amendment will be offered to the bill.

WAS NOT "FULL OF SLANDER."

The News and Observer last Thursday said: "THE CAUCASIAN is full this week of slanders upon a majority of the General Assembly." The editor of the Observer is sadly mistaken, for we are sure the following editorial was in the last issue of THE CAUCASIAN:

"We asked the editor of the News and Observer last week to tell the people of North Carolina, as a matter of news, how much he and his had received at the hands of the Republican party. We have waited one whole week and he still hasn't answered. We again ask him the question, and hope this time he will not disappoint us; we also hope the editor of the News and Observer will not think we are impertinent in asking the question."

We call for the previous question.

IT DEPENDS UPON WHO GETS THE PIE.

The News and Observer, under the head of corporation tax, gives the following: "The appropriation of $2,500 each to the Auditor and Treasurer for additional necessary expenses was recommended favorably."

When the Populists held these offices in '99 the Legislature thought they were getting too much and there is certainly no more work required of these officers now than then. Why this change of base?

The Democratic caucus has decided that the State shall be divided into ten Congressional Districts. And the Raleigh Post suggests that "liberal allowances be made in basing the apportionment upon the last August election." Certainly, the Legislature should take into consideration the thousands of votes that were stolen, too.

Look at the label of your paper this week, and if your subscription has expired send us your renewal before you do anything else—lest you forget it.

The Legislature has passed a bill to protect their registrars and ballot box stuffers from punishment.

THE OBSERVER'S ESTIMATE OF FRANCIS D. WINSTON.

Replying to the attacks made upon it by Francis D. Winston and other Democrats in the Legislature, the Charlotte Observer, in its issue of February 11th, says editorially:

It was Mr. Winston, of Bertie, the reader will recall, who first arose to this question of personal privilege. Mr. Winston now calls himself a Democrat and was elected to this Legislature as such. Yet it was not so many years ago that he was in the bosom of the Republican party. During that time he was a candidate for judge and wrote a letter to George H. White, the negro solicitor of that district, now a member of Congress, telling him of the pleasure it would give him to ride the circuit with him. It was said about him, too, that on a certain occasion he was seen arm in arm with two negroes on the streets of Tarboro, and if he denies this we will produce a witness whom he cannot impeach. This is one of the gentlemen who arraigns The Observer at the bar of public opinion for an expression neither personal nor insulting.

Another is Mr. Watts, of Iredell. This gentleman has been barking at The Observer for years through a country paper which he is supposed to edit, and has failed to get a kick. From his present high perch he barks again; and in this paragraph he gets the kick for which he has so long begged.

Mr. Morgan, of the county of Johnston, also arose to a question of personal privilege, saying that The Observer is not a friend of Bryan Democracy and that he desired the House to avail itself of the opportunity to say what it thought of the paper and its editor. We never heard of Mr. Morgan before and never expect to hear of him after this Legislature adjourns. What he says is of less consequence, if possible, than the chatter of Winston and Watts.

We understand, of course, and the public understands, the purpose of this little clamor. It is meant to discredit the Observer. We want to say to these cattle that it is beyond their power to either injure or annoy this paper. Its enemies have done their little best in this direction, throughout the year, and especially within the past year, with the result that it has more business than it ever had before and is stronger in every way. Charlotte is behind it, the solid people of North Carolina are behind it, and as for the scurvy politicians, it snaps its fingers in their faces and defies them.

This editorial would, however, be incomplete if it were not accompanied by the letter of Mr. Winston, of Bertie, to the negro solicitor, White, referred to above, and it could have no better ending than it has in the introduction here of a copy of the letter in question:

Windsor, N. C., June, 1890.

Hon. Geo. H. White, Rocky Mount, N. C.

My Dear Sir: I regret that I cannot attend the judicial convention on account of pressing engagements. Please put in a word to secure my nomination for judge. While there is not much hope for an election, still the remote possibility of riding the district with you is a great pleasure.

Wishing you success,

I am, yours very truly,

(Signed) FRANCIS D. WINSTON.

IMPEACHMENT TRIAL WILL BEGIN MARCH 11.

Chief Justices Furches and Douglas Will be Represented by Able Counsel—Senate Will set as High Court of Impeachment

The Senate Monday, sitting as the High Court of Impeachment, decided on Monday, March 11, at noon, as the time for the impeachment trial to begin.

It was also determined that counsel for the defense shall have until March 6, in which to file their answer in the case—which will be only nine days from the issuing of the summons, that process having been issued at 1 o'clock Monday.

A joint resolution was also passed providing for the payment of the members of the Court of Impeachment (all of the Senators), at the rate of four dollars per day for each day of the session of the court after the expiration of the 60 days session of the Senate.

Chief Justice Furches and Associate Justice Douglas will be represented by the following counsel:

Ex-Gov. Jarvis, of Greenville, F H Busbee, of Raleigh, Frank I. Osborne of Charlotte, B. F Long, of Statesville, Lindsay Patterson, of Winston, W. P Bynum of Greensboro, and Chas. M. Cooke, of Louisburg.

The prosecution, by Messrs. James H. Pou and C. M. Busbee, of Raleigh, W. A. Guthrie of Durham. Theo. F. Davidson and Jas. H. Merrimon of Asheville, and C. B. Watson of Winston.

Killed in a Raid on Barrooms.

Topeka, Kansas, Feb. 25.—J. W. Adams was fatally wounded during the raid of the Curtis wholesale liquor house at midnight. A carload of beer had been unloaded during the day, and about fifty men armed with sledges and revolvers broke open the door and smashed the cases. Adams says he was shot by a policeman. Rev. F. W. Elerson, a well known minister, was also hurt, but not seriously.

To Purchase Danish West Indies

Copenhagen, Feb. 25.—A Satisfactory understanding has been reached by the conferees of the ministry and the financial committee of the Rigsdag regarding the sale of the Danish West Indies. The result it is understood will shortly be communicated to the Washington government in such form as it is thought here will prove acceptable.

THE LAW MAKERS.

(Continued from First Page.)

SATURDAY.

SENATE—The following new bills were introduced:

By Mr Travis—To amend chapter 471, acts 1899, changing law in reference to appointment of judges of criminal courts, so as to put power in hands of governor, instead of Legislature.

By Mr Woodard (by request)—To establish a dispensary at Lucama, Wilson county.

By Mr McNeill—To repeal chapter 285, acts of 1897. (This bill repeals the present dispensary law of Cumberland county.)

By Mr Michael—To authorize Watauga county to levy a special tax. Calendar.

BILLS PASSED THIRD READING.

The following bills passed their final reading.

To authorize Wilkes county to levy a special tax.

Authorizing county of Granville to levy a special tax.

Authorizing commissioners of Hyde county to levy a special tax.

Authorizing Greene county to levy a special tax.

To authorize commissioners of Camden county to levy a special tax.

Amending acts of 1899, chapter 471, in reference to appointment of judges of the criminal courts—giving governor power to appoint to fill vacancies, etc.

Authorizing Madison county to levy a special tax.

To revise the corporation laws of North Carolina.

To pay expenses of committee visiting State University and Normal College.

To pay expenses of contestant in contested election case of Kennedy vs. Currie.

To protect trade, commerce and transportation from monopolies, etc., being the committee's substitute "anti-trust bill."

To protect game birds in Randolph county.

To pay expenses of committee visiting Goldsboro asylum for the insane.

For the relief of D. W. Lee of Wilkes county.

To pay W. H. Lucas, et al., certain claims out of the oyster fund.

To prevent felling of timber in Neuse river in Wake, Johnston, and other counties.

Authorizing Durham to correct arrears of taxes.

To prevent sale of liquor near any church in Chatham county.

Resolution of request to Board of Agriculture in regard to making displays of North Carolina products and industries at the Buffalo, N, Y., Pan-American exposition, the Charleston, S. C., exposition and the St. Louis, Mo., exposition; amounts so expended to come from appropriation of Agricultural Department, and governor to appoint the committee to look after the exhibits, etc.

To protect deer and fish in Bladen and Columbus counties.

The following bill was made a special order for Monday:

To incorporate the State prison and provide for its management. Amended by Senator Travis so as to provide that no person, company or corporation shall bring any action against the incorporated institution for torts, and that no court of North Carolina shall have jurisdiction to try any such suit, if attempted by any one, etc. (The amendment is to provide against suits for damages for any injuries that might befall convicts, etc.)

HOUSE—The House adopted and prepared before the bar of the Senate articles for the impeachment of Chief Justice Furches and Associate Justice Douglas of the Supreme Court.

The following new bills were introduced:

By Mr Graham—For the relief of the colored orphan asylum at Oxford. To amend the charter of the Oriental Insurance Company.

By Mr Collins—To appoint D. H. Byard and other justices of the peace.

By Mr McCulloch—To appoint justices of the peace for Bladen county.

By Mr Hays—An act authorizing the Commissioners of Chatham county to levy a special tax.

By Mr Thompson—To appoint justices of the peace in Onslow county. To amend the laws relating to the shell fish industry of Onslow county.

By Mr Mauney—To appropriate $2,000 for the construction of an iron bridge over the Tennessee river at Rocky Point in Graham county near the Tennessee line.

By Mr Carraway—An act to repeal all laws granting persons immunity teaching in the public schools.

By Mr Lawrence—An act to authorize and empower mayors in incorporated towns to perform the marriage ceremony.

By Mr Burlison—To compel attendance in public schools of Macon.

By Mr Burlison—To compel attendance in public schools in Mitchell county.

BILLS PASSED THIRD READING.

Authorizing commissioners of Macon county to levy a special tax.

Incorporating the Atlantic and North Western Railway Company.

Amending the insurance laws, chapter 54, public laws of 1899, relating to the clerical force in the Insurance Commissioner's office; increasing the appropriation from $1,000 to $1,500. This bill created quite a discussion.

Amending chapter 171, public laws 1899, in reference to the appointment of judges of the Criminal court. This bill changes the law so as to give the governor the power of appointing or filling vacancies.

A message was received from the governor communicating the resignation of Judge A. M. Moore, of the Eastern Criminal Circuit Court, and notifying the House that the Criminal Court of Craven would meet Monday, Febrary 25, 1901.

[The Governor appointed E. K. Bryant Esq., of Wilmington to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Judge Moore.]

MONDAY.

SENATE—The following new bills were introduced:

By Mr Warren—To promote the ends of justice so as to empower county commissioners to have additional jurors drawn when necessary. Judiciary Committee.

By Mr. Bray—To prohibit the sale of liquor in certain townships of Currituck county. Propositions and Grievances Committee.

By Mr Morton—To amend the charter of city of Wilmington in regard to city improvements.

By Mr Scott—For the relief of the Alamance Fair Association.

By Mr Gudger—To protect pupils in private schools against contagious diseases. Committee of Education.

By Mr Bry—In reference to lawful fence in Currituck county. Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns.

By Mr Foushee—To fix compensation of members (Senators) of court of Impeachment. (Makes it four dollars per day for each day following the expiration of the sixty days terms of the Legislature.)

To incorporate the State Prison and regulate the management of that institution. After an amendment by Senator Brown.

The question of the adoption of the Rules to govern the impeachment trial of Judges Furches and Douglas as reported by the Committee on Rules came up as a special order, and the Rules were adopted after certain minor amendments.

BILLS PASSED THIRD READING.

The following bills passed third reading:

To authorize commissioners of Tyrrell county to levy a special tax.

To place certain territory in Chatham and Moore counties under stock law.

In reference to stock law in Chatham county.

To prevent sale of malt and spirituous liquors or manufacture same in Buncombe county, except in the incorporated cities and towns of that county. (Amended so as to read as above, and not apply to entire State as first bill did.)

Providing for election of trustees of University of North Carolina on Wednesday, February 27th.

HOUSE—Petitions were presented by Mr. Ebbs from citizens of Randolph, Davie and Stokes counties asking for a modification of the election law.

The following new bills were introduced:

To prevent Senators from running at large in the Hall of Representatives. The bill was introduced by request and referred to Committee on insane.

By Mr Caloway—To protect fish and game in Watauga county.

By Judge Connor—To provide for a commission to promote uniform legislation in the United States.

The evidence in the contested election case of Wilcox vs. Seawell from Moore was presented to the House and placed before the Committee on Privileges and Elections.

BILLS PASSED THIRD READING.

The following bills passed third reading.

To allow the county commissioners of Nash county to levy a special tax.

Authorizing the board of county commissioners of Rowan county to issue bonds.

To provide for working the public roads of Haywood county and to levy a special tax.

Authorizing the treasurer to pay the expenses of the committee that visited the Morganton Institution for the Deaf.

To prevent the sale and manufacture of liquor within three miles of Carolina Christian and the Free Will Baptist Theological Seminary at Ayden, N. C.

Resolution providing for the election of trustees of the University. The bill names February 27th as the date for the election at a joint session of the Legislature.

Prohibiting the sale of liquor in Madison outside of the incorporated towns.

Prohibiting the manufacture and sale of liquor in Yancey county.

Fixing the compensation of the treasurer of Mecklenburg county.

Authorizing the county commissioners of Sampson county to issue bonds and levy a special tax. This bill was made special order for Tuesday by request of Hood of Wayne.

(Continued on Third Page)

20 Missionaries and 9 Children Killed.

London, Feb. 25th.—The Reuter Telegram Company has received the following from Shanghai, dated Feb. 26:

"Prince Tuan, Prince Chwang Lu and General Tung Fu Hsiang are still taking refuge at Ling Hia Fu, province of Kansu. Two native Christians from Kiu Hua Cheng, in the northern part of the province of Shan Si, report the massacre of twenty male and female missionaries and 9 children, who have been missing since October."

Mr. Conger has cabled the State Department from Pekin, under date of Feb. 23d, as follows: "Satisfactory edict in answer to punishment demands has been received."

His Neck Broke by Kicking at a Dog.

Chicago Record.

August Koerwith, a German farmer living north of here, broke his neck this afternoon while kicking at a vicious dog. Koerwith had just come to town and hitched his team. He started across the street, when the dog ran at him. The farmer made a vicious kick. The ground was icy, and Mr. Koerwith slipped and fell backward, breaking his neck. He died instantly. He was 50 years old.

Fatal Shooting at Marshall.

Asheville, N. C., Feb. 25th.—In a shooting affray at Marshall Saturday night Will Wilkerson was shot in the knee, shattering the bone, by Bud Shelton of Flagpond, Tenn. Wilkerson then shot Shelton in the neck. The ball touched the spinal cord and Shelton is likely to die.

MR. EBBS ON THE IMPEACHMENT.

(Continued from First Page)

undertaking to impeach these Judges for issuing such writ? Their answer, is, that the Constitution forbids any writ in the nature of an execution to issue against the State of North Carolina. I answer that is true in one sense, but the opposition to these Judges fail to note distinction, between sueing the State where no appropriation is made and where an appropriation is made. In the case of White vs Auditor, the Legislature had made and set apart a particular appropriation for a particular purpose, and that purpose was for the salary of White as Chief Inspector etc., that particular fund was in the hands of the State Treasurer and was denied to White by the Treasurer. Now would it not be a monstrous proposition, to say the very least of it, that Mr. White could not go into the courts of his country, and ask for and obtain a writ to recover that which he was as much entitled to, as any other species of private property? And yet Mr. Speaker, this Legislature is now seeking to impeach these Judges, not because they say White is not entitled to the office, that is not denied, but because they issued a mandamus to enforce or assist him in the collection of his salary, and in doing so, Mr. Speaker, these Judges have followed a long line of decisions in North Carolina, the soundness of which has never been controverted to impeach these Judges for their decision in this matter, it follows as a natural sequence, that you ought to dig up the ashes of Daniel, Ruffin, Pearson and others, who have worn the judicial ermine in North Carolina, with honor and distinction to themselves and State, and impeach them.

Now, Mr. Speaker, if the legislature of 1899 had stopped at the enactment of chapter 18 of the laws of 1899, they would have lawfully consumated what they intended to do, that is to legislate White out of office. I suppose there is no one here upon this floor, who will deny that such was the intention of that legislature. The Fusion and Republican legislatures of 1895-7, did the same, the only difference between us and you, we did what he did in open broad daylight, and you undertook to do it by drafting your bills in astute language, abolishing an office one day and creating the same office, with similar duties, the next day, this is what you undertook to do in the case of Theophilus White, to deprive him of his vested rights which he had by virtue of his appointment under the acts of 1897, chapter 13. The Supreme Court of North Carolina said, composed of the Judges, whom you are now seeking to impeach, and the late lamented Chief Justice Faircloth, who has passed beyond the pales of human courts, and whose spirit is in the unknown beyond, you cannot do this, for the reason, that the office is property and is the subject of protection like any other property under the provisions of section 17 of article 1 of the Constitution, and has been so held in the cases of Hoke vs. Henderson, 15 N. C., King vs. Hunter, 65, N. C., Cotton vs. Ellis, 52, N. C., Bailey vs. Caldwell, 68, N. C., and Bunting vs Gales, 77, N. C.

(Continued next week.)

DROWNED HER SIX CHILDREN.

Insane Mother Throws Little Ones Into a Well and Then Jumps in Upon Them

Colfax, Wash., Feb 24.—Mrs Rose Wurzer, a widow, in a fit of insanity drowned her six children, aged from four to twelve years at Uniontown, Wash, today. Two were boys and four were girls. She threw them into a well thirty feet deep, containing two feet of water, then jumped in herself and held the heads of the children beneath the surface until all were drowned.

Mrs Wurzer was found alive in the well, with her six murdered children, by the neighbors, who pulled her out with a rope. She is violently insane. The woman's husband died a year ago, since which time she has been supported by the county and the charity of neighbors.

Big Capture of Live Stock.

Pretoria, Feb. 25.—General French captured an enormous quantity of stock from General Botha, including 150,000 sheep, 190 000 cattle, 35,000 yoke of oxen, 800 mules, and 3,000 horses. He also captured over 1,000 wagons and cape carts, 400 rifles, 10,000 pounds of ammunition and 56 prisoners. One hundred and eighty-three Boers surrendered and 280 were killed or wounded. The British losses were two hundred, including five officers and 41 men killed.

Mrs. Nation Has Other Troubles

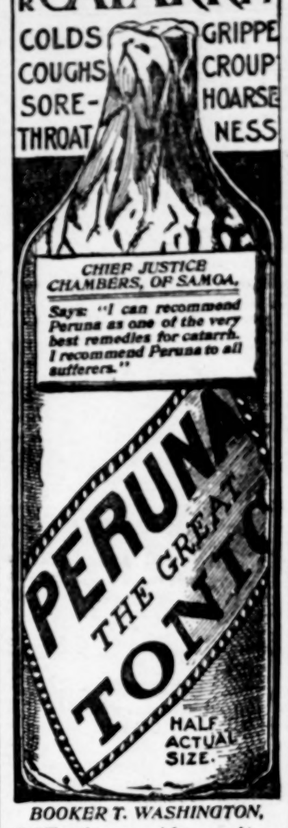
Binghamton, Feb. 25th.—Mrs. Carrie Nation has demanded the abolition of the "Carrie Nation cocktail," the invention of R. C Willes, a cafe proprietor of this city and Scranton, and will institute a suit for $10,000 damage for the use of her name in advertising a cocktail that has become a favorite beverage in this part of the State.

Negro Drowned in a Mill Pond.

Winston-Salem, Feb 25.—A negro named John Kellum was drowned at four o'clock Sunday morning in the Mayo mill pond, near Mayodan. The pond was dragged yesterday and the body found. A bottle of whiskey and a loaded pistol were found on him. Kellum leaves a wife and several children.

FOR CATARRH

COLDS COUGHS SORE-THROAT GRIPPE CROUP HOARSENESS


CHIEF JUSTICE CHAMBERS, OF SAMOA,
Says: "I can recommend Peruna as one of the very best remedies for catarrh. I recommend Peruna to all sufferers."
PERUNA
THE GREAT TONIC
HALF ACTUAL SIZE.

BOOKER T. WASHINGTON, Of Tuskegee, Ala., writes: "I have never taken any medicine that has improved me as much as Peruna. For catarrh it is certainly a blessing."

MRS. NATION DEMANDS RELEASE.

Warns Judge Hazen in Personal Letter to "Quit Fooling and Set Her Free."

Topeka, Kan, Feb 24.—Mrs. Carrie Nation, tiring of jail life, has written Judge Hazen a letter demanding release. "I want you to quit your fooling," she writes, "and let me out of here. If you cause me to miss my engagements I won't feel like a ministering angel unto you. It is time for you to recover yourself before the devil, your master, makes a clean sweep with you into hell.

"You know you are persecuting one of God's children, who loves you for Jesus' sake. Let me out, that I may go about my business of saving such poor devils as you. Write or come to see me right off."

Judge Hazen has ignored the letter, placing it in the waste basket with dozens of others received on the subject from different parts of the country. Some of these letters threaten the judge. One from Bunker Hill, Kan., says a committee of fifty will administer a coat of tar and feathers to the official if Mrs. Nation is not released by February 27, and another from a woman in Douglas, Mich., says: "We now propose, if Mrs. Nation is held longer, to raise the greatest army of women the world has ever known and wipe man out of existence. It is our intention to begin with you."

TOOK THE WRONG OATH.

Work of a Criminal Court May Be Declared Void.

A special to the Washington Post from Parkersburg, W. Va., says: The prospect is that all the work done by the Criminal Court here since Judge Vandervort was selected special judge, will be declared void, meaning the loss of an entire term, and the freeing of all who were found guilty. The constitution provides an oath for judges, and the statutes another oath for special judges. It appears Vandervort took only the constitutional oath. The Supreme court has already prohibited the sentencing of Mrs. Ihrig, the wealthy oil queen, because of Judge Vandervort's lapse in taking the oaths.

Father Wants to Serve Son's Sentence.

Salisbury, Feb. 25.—Mr. M. F. Iddings, a retired railroad man, died suddenly of heart disease, at his home four miles from Salisbury, yesterday afternoon. He was a brave Confederate soldier and bore the scars of repeated bullet wounds.

James A. Howell, the Gold Hill firebug, was taken to the penitentiary this morning to begin his five years' term. His aged father begged to be allowed to go along with him and serve half his time.

Littleton Female College continues to receive more applications for teachers from among its former pupils and graduates than it can accept. At this time every former pupil of the institution, so far as can be ascertained, who desires to teach is at work.

A teacher is desired immediately for a good country school. Any young lady wishing this place may write at once to Rev. J. M. Rhodes, Littleton, N. C.

Wilmington Woman Receives Fatal Injuries From a Fall.

Wilmington, Feb. 25.—Miss Eliza Ganey, a white woman, aged 66 years died hear to-day from injuries received from a fall on a slippery piazza. She broke her thigh and sustained internal injuries.

NERVOUS URINARY and GENITAL Diseases of a chronic nature are those which

Dr. Hathaway treats exclusively. For 20 years he has confined his practice to this class of complaints in men and women, and the uniformity of his cures has won for him world-wide fame. Men who have lost youth's vigor are made strong and whole again by this thoroughly constitutional treatment of Dr. Hathaway's. No medicine with simple temporary tonic effect can cure you—you need a treatment which will go to the foundation of your trouble and wipe it out, mentally, nervously and physically.

All forms of Chronic Diseases, including Varicocele, Stricture, Blood Poisoning, Kidney and Urinary Complaints, etc., are cured by Dr. Hathaway's system of treatment.

He will be glad to have you write him or call at his office for free consultation, examination and advice. He will also send free, postpaid in a plain wrapper, his new 64 page book—"Manliness, Vigor, Health"—to anyone, man or woman, who suffers from any chronic disease or weakness.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.
Dr. Hathaway & Co.

23½ "D" South Broad Street
Atlanta Ga

THE CAUCASIAN

The Leading Weekly in North Carolina.

The Farmer and Mechanic's Paper.

CONTAINS ALL THE NEWS OF INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS OF THE STATE AND FROM ALL OVER THE COUNTRY.

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The HOME AND FARM is an Eight-page, Semi-Monthly Agricultural Paper.

If you wish to reach the People advertise in THE CAUCASIAN.

Agents wanted in every Neighborhood. Write for rates.

CAUCASIAN PUB. CO.

THE CAUCASIAN

Raleigh, N. C., February 28, 1901.

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh, N. C., as second-class mail matter.

VERY LATEST NEWS.

A new public school bill was introduced in the Senate yesterday.

Governor Aycock has appointed W. M. Webb, of Morehead City Oyster Commissioner.

A negro was lynched and cremated at Terre Haute, Ind., Tuesday, for brutally killing a lady.

Thirty five men are believed to have perished in a fire in the Diamondville cole and coke Company at Chyenne, Wyoming.

Chih Sin, former Grand Secretary and Hsu Cueng Yo (son of the notorious Hau Tung) of China, were publicly beheaded Tuesday. The street were guarded by French, German and American troops.

Practically all the weavers of Revolution Cotton Mill at Greensboro have struck because of the change in the manner of paying them, from day to piece work. About half of their places have been filled.

The public school bill, as adopted by the committee on Education, adds $250 a year to salaries paid in the office of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. The old law provides for a clerk at $1,000 a year, and the $250 is for a stenographer for the clerk, we suppose.

The Chief of Police of Selma and a Mr. Futrill were in Raleigh yesterday to take back to Selma a negro named Charlie Saunders, who on last Sunday night stole a horse from Mr. Futrill and a cow from a Mr Wiggs, both of Johnston county. The negro brought the cow to Raleigh to sell, but was arrested and the officials at Selma notified.

Another Reapportionment Bill Drawn.

The committee on Congressional districts met last night and drafted a bill reapportioning the State as follows:

1. Beaufort, Camden, Chowan, Currituck, Dare, Gates, Hertford, Hyde, Martin, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Pitt, Tyrell, Washington.

2. Bertie, Edgecombe, Greene, Halifax, Lenoir, Northampton, Warren, Wilson.

3. Carteret, Craven, Duplin, Onslow, Jones, Pamlico, Pender, Sampson, Wayne.

4. Chatham, Franklin, Johnston, Nash, Vance, Wake.

5. Alamance, Caswell, Durham, Forsyth, Granville, Guilford, Orange Person, Rockingham, Stokes.

6. Bladen, Brunswick, Columbus, Cumberland, Harnett, New Hanover, Robeson.

7. Anson, Davidson, Davie, Montgomery, Moore, Randolph, Richmond, Scotland, Union, Yadkin.

8 Alexander, Alleghany, Ashe, Cabarrus, Caldwell, Iredell, Rowan, Stanly, Surry, Watauga, Wilkes.

9. Burke, Catawba, Cleveland, Gaston, Lincoln Madison, Mecklenburg, Mitchell, Yancey.

10. Buncombe, Cherokee, Clay Graham, Haywood, Henderson, Macon, Jackson, McDowell, Polk, Rutherford, Swain and Transylvania.

The Democrats claim that nine of the ten districts are Democratic, with one doubtful. Of course they have a right to their opinion.

DASTARDLY CRIME IN POLK COUNTY.

Drunken Brute Kills His Baby and Assaults His Wife.

Rutherfordton, N. C., Feb. 26.—From Polk county comes the news of a horrible killing which occurred late yesterday afternoon. The facts as near as can be obtained tonight are that a man by the name of Blackburry went to his home drunk, and commenced to quarrel with his wife because she had not enough supper to supply his whiskey appetite. He struck her several blows with his hand and three or four hard kicks with his foot until she was almost unconscious. Their baby, which was lying on the bed, began crying, he grabbed it and threw it at his wife, its head striking the corner of the mantel. It died instantly. The baby and wife lay on the floor until midnight, when the wife managed to get to a neighbor's to tell the news. It is said if Blackburry, who escaped, is caught, he may be lynched.

Killed by His Wife's Brother.

Savannah, Ga., Feb. 25.—Francis J. Dieter, a butcher in the city market, was fatally wounded at an early hour this morning. He was shot in self-defense by his brother-in-law. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of justifiable homicide without any hesitation.

Dieter went home late Saturday night under the influence of liquor and besides beating his wife, attempted to kill both her and her brother.

Mrs. Nation Out.

Topeka, Kan., Feb. 25 Mrs. Nation has been released from the county jail on bond and at five o'clock this morning left for Peoria, to act as editor of The Peoria Journal, for one day. J. B. McCaffee, of this city, furnished bonds for Mrs. Nation's re-appearance.

It Hurts Her.

Philadelphia Bulletin.

"And who is this a picture of, this woman with a pained expression on her face?"

"Oh, that's my mother-in-law. She was trying to look pleasant."

Scandal in London Society.

London has some court scandal for its society news. Major T. J. Atherton, second in command of the Twelfth Lancers, now in South Africa, has filed a suit for divorce in "favor" of the Duke of Westminster.

Three Boys Killed.

Biwabik, Minn., Feb. 25—Three boys were instantly killed Sunday at the Elba Mine, near here, by a car on which they were riding crashing down the shaft opening.

THE LAW MAKERS.

(Continued from Second Page.)

TUESDAY.

SENATE—The following new bills were introduced:

Aycock—To make appropriations for the State hospitals.

Scott—To punish drunkenness as a misdemeanor at Haw River.

McIntyre—To re-enact and consolidate the school law.

Aycock—To establish a stock law in certain parts of Wayne county.

BILLS PASSED THIRD READING.

To repeal chapter 523, Laws of 1899 with reference to oysters in the waters of New Hanover, passed third reading.

Regarding neglected and abanded children, passed third reading.

The divorce bill came up as a special order at noon. Webb's amendment allowing divorce for three years' abandonment prior to January 1st, 1901, provided the guilty party shall not be allowed to remarry, was adopted 30 to 14. Woodard's amendment allowing divorce when husband attempts or commits rape was adopted, 17 to 13. The bill passed its final reading in the Senate.

HOUSE—The following new bills were introduced:

Spainhour—To prohibit sale of liquor in parts of Burke and McDowell counties.

Carraway—To repeal laws of 1899 making Neuse River a lawful fence.

Williams—To prevent killing sea gulls for ornaments, to protect game in Dare county

Moore—To allow Jackson county to issue bonds.

PASSED FINAL READING.

To incorporate the proprietor of Wilmington Cemetery. To protect game in Henderson county. To allow the Seaboard Air Line Railway to consolidate with its branch roads. To protect fish in Henderson and Yancey counties

To provide for the establishing and maintaining a free public library in Charlotte.

To allow Franklin county to levy a special tax.

To amend stock law of Wilkes, Caldwell and Ashe counties.

To create the office of Treasurer of Beaufort county.

T amend stock law of Johnston county.

To amend section 2148 of The Code in regard to probate of wills.

To provide a short form of crop liens and chattel mortgages and to regulate fees of same.

To protect wild fowl in Currituck county.

To prohibit sale and manufacture of liquor in Duplin county, The bill to allow $25 per month to the clerk of the Supreme Court for a typewriter, was defeated. They first wanted $80 per month.

To amend law of 1899, regulating Fidelity companies. It provides for a bank of deposit of the county funds, to be directed by the board of commissioners, instead of at the pleasure of the officers, as at present.

NIGHT SESSION.

At the night session the House passed a bill to put the State printing in the hands of State officers.

The following bills passed: To prohibit sale of intoxicating liquors in Bladen county.

To prohibit sale of spirituous or malt liquors in Ashe, Buncombe and Sampson counties.

THE LEGISLATURE ITSELF IS LIMITED.

Whose Duty is it But That of the Supreme Court?

The Elkin Times says: "But the legislature itself is limited in its action by the Constitution of the State, and that grants to every man the right of private property. Now, the question is, after the office of fish commissioner was created and given to White, for a certain period of time, did the legislature violate the Constitution and take away White's right to private property when it refused to let him draw his pay during the term of office to which he was appointed?"

And whose duty is it but that of the Supreme Court to decide this coustitutional question?—Raleigh Post.

President McKinley's Inspiration

Mrs. C. W. Fairbanks, in Success.

Mrs. McKinley, wife of the twenty-eighth President of the United States, will pass down in history as an ideal woman. Her kindliness and graciousness will be remembered when the more important events of President McKinley's administration are forgotten. The administration of President Madison was famous as much from the part played by his beautiful and accomplished wife, as for the statesmanly acts which are recorded to his credit. Mrs. McKinley is the idol of the people because she is a woman and wife whose virtues are homely and domestic. The inspiration which she has ever been to her distinguished husband, and his unquestioned recognition of the debt, are two factors in their lives which stand out in bright relief.

The peach growers of Georgia say they are going to have the biggest crop in the history of the State, and that no frost can be so blighting as to injure it to any great extent.

A WARNING.

To feel tired after exertion is one thing; to feel tired before is another.

Don't say the latter is laziness—it isn't; but it's a sign that the system lacks vitality, is running down, and needs the tonic effect of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

It's a warning, too—and sufferers should begin taking Hood's at once.

Buy a bottle today.

The Sampson County Fair Grounds will be leased or rented to the highest bidder at the Court house door in Clinton on Feb. 9th, 1901.

Don't think less of your system than you do of your house. Give it a thorough clensing, too. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

Senator Butler's Earnest Work For the Establishment of Postal Savings Bank by the Government It Is Not Thought That an Extra Session Will be Necessary.

The Senate Committee on Cuban relations reported to the Senate Monday a series of resolutions relating to Cuba, which if adopted by the Senate will obviate the necessity of an extra session of Congress. It is now very generally believed that these resolutions, which prescribe certain conditions tuat must be complied with by the Cubans, will be adopted.

The House has practically finished all the work for this session, and the Senate will do all that is necessary before the time of adjournment on March 4th.

Already the city is filling up with visitors who have come to attend the inaugural. It will be the grandest inaugural ever held in the history of the country, and larger crowds are expected than have ever gathered here on such an occasion.

In 1896 Senator Butler was successful in securing an appropriation of $50,000 for the purpose of experimenting with rural free mail delivery, and the project was so eminently satisfactory and so generally popular that the Assistant Postmaster General favorably recommended an increase in the appropriation by the next session of Congress. From year to year the system of free mail delivery has given such satisfaction that Congress has continued to increase the appropriation for this purpose until the amount appropriated by the present Congress for the extension of the system has reached $3,500,000. This has been done chiefly through the arduous efforts of Senator Butler.

Senator Butler has been working earnestly for the establishment of Postal Savings Banks, by the government.

He had the floor and was discussing the matter when Senator Woolcott, in charge of the postoffice appropriation bill, inquired of the chair what was before Senate. The interruption displeased Senator Butler, who replied sharply: "If the Senator from Colorado will tone down his feelings, I will proceed with what I was about to say." Senator Butler then offered his amendment, directing the Postmaster General to make an investigation of the question of a postal telegraph and telephone system, and ascertain the minimum cost at which the new and improved service could be furnished the public so as to make the system self-supporting The Postmaster General was further directed to report his findings and all facts relating to the establishment of the postal and telegraph system to Congress, and the amendment proposed was agreed to and the bill passed. It is probable that this investigation will result in the establishment of these systems by Congress. They would certainly be of great service to the whole country.

BISMARCK'S IRON NERVE.

Was the result of his splendid health. Indomitable will and tremendous energy are not found where Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are out of order. If you want these qualities and the success they bring, use Dr. King's New Life Pills. They develop every power of brain and body. Only 25 cents. Sold by all Druggist.

The Oregon Legislature on 53rd ballot elected John M. Mitchell to succeed John W. McBride in the United States Senate.

IT SAVED HIS LEG.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered intensely for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg, but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in ten days For Ulcers, Wounds, Burns, Boils, Pain or Piles it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c.

The Epidemic in West Virginia.

Sistersville, W. Va., Feb. 26.—News has been received here of the burning of a drugstore and several adjoining buildings at Springtown, a village in the interior of the State. Druggist Henry Barnes and John R. Clendenin were burned to death. It is believed the drug store was set on fire by temperance cranks. Two arrests have been made.

Machinery for Germany.

Newport News, Va., Feb. 26.—The steamship Milano which arrived here last week will carry out a large portion of the 5,000 tons of machinery from the Pullman Manufacturing Company for Magdeburg, Germany.

A LIFE AND DEATH FIGHT.

Mr. W. A. Hines, of Manchester, Ia., writes of his almost marvelous escape from death, says: "Exposure after measels induced serious lung trouble, whic ended in consumption. I had frequent hemorrhages and coughed night and day. All my doctors said I must soon die Then I began to use Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, which completely cured me. I would not be without it even if it cost $5 00 a bottle. Hundreds have used it on my recommendation and all say it never fails to cure Throat, Chest and Lung troubles." Regular size 50c and $1. Trial bottle free at all druggists. Sold by R. H. Holliday, Druggist.

Two more men have been captured charged with complicity in the Cudahy kidnapping case at Omaha.

GLORIOUS NEWS

Comes from Dr. D. B. Cargile, of Washita, I. T. He writes: "Four bottles of Electric Bitters has cured Mrs. Brewer of scrofula, which had caused her great suffering for years. Terrible sores would break out on her head and face, and the best doctors could give no help; but her cure is complete and her health is excellent." This shows what thousands have proved—that Electric Bitters is the best blood purifier known. It's the supreme remedy for eczema, tetter, salt rheum, ulcers, boils and running sores. It stimulates liver, kidneys and bowels, expels poisons, helps digestion, and builds up the strength. Only 50 cents. Sold by all druggists.

HAZED AND THEN EGGED.

A Frenchman Driven From the Maryland University for Prosecuting Hazers.

Baltimore, Feb. 25.—Henry Schurman, a Frenchman with the Maryland University, was driven from the grounds of the institution today, by his fellow students, who pelted him with eggs in various stages of decay; dead cats, cabbages and other missiles. A week ago several students caught Schurman in the dissecting room of the college, bound and gagged him, and shaved off his moustache. Schurman, who is a married man, prosecuted, and a magistrate fined the chief offenders $25 and costs.

This the students made up by contribution and when Schurman again appeared he was roughly treated. Again the courts fined two more students. Then the students burned the offending magistrate in effigy and Schurman stayed at his home. To-day, escorted by several policemen in a patrol wagon, he appeared. When the policeman left the bombardment began. He retreated in confusion before the flying missles. Other arrests may follow.

An excited mob in Matawan, N. J., Sunday night hanged Charles Herbert, a resident of the place, in an effort to make him confess that he started a fire which destroyed the business portion of the town on January 27th. Herbert protested his innocence. He was strung up a second time, but lowered and, still protesting his innocence, was taken to jail.

Twenty-seven bales of cotton were sold here yesterday at 8¼ to 9 cents per pound.

TURNER'S ALMANAC

FREE!!

Any Person who will send us a New Cash Subscriber, or any Old Subscriber who will pay up to date and renew his Subscription, we will send

Turner's 1901 Almanac

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TURNER'S ALMANAC is a valuable State Publication. It answers any question as to our Official State Government, Public Works, Institutions, the Courts, Events of the Past Year the Deaths of Prominent Citizens, and a great many things relating to the Farm, Garden and Household.

The retail price of the Almanac is Ten Cents.

Address,

CAUCASIAN PUBLISHING CO.,

Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE OF SEIZURE.

Notice is hereby given of seizure of the following property for violation of the internal revenue laws of the United States:

At Selma, N. C., Feb 27, 1900, one keg corn whiskey, about 5 gallons, of Jackson Rains.

At New Hill, N. C., March 3, 1900, one keg corn whiskey, about 5 gallons, of L. J. Johnson.

At Clayton, N. C., March 5, 1900, one keg corn whiskey, about 10 gallons, of B. H. Yelvington.

At Benson's, N. C., Jan'y 31, 1901, 2 kegs corn whiskey, 9 gallons, of W. J. McDonald.

At Carthage, N. C., Feb 5, 1901, one bbl corn whiskey, 45 gallons, of W. R. Frogdan.

At Fayetteville, N C, Feb. 14, 1901, 3 bbls corn whiskey, 147.6 gallons, one copper still, cap, 2 worms, 3 pieces pipe, one iron pump, fermenters, etc, of J. A. Burns.

At Roxboro, N C, Feb 18, 1901, one iron 10-horse-power boiler. one 190 and one 135 gallon copper still, fermenters, etc, 184 gallons corn whiskey, of D. M. Andrews

At Roxboro, N C, Feby 18, 1901, one bay horse, one one-horse wagon and harness, 3 kegs, 30 gallons corn whiskey, of D. M. Andrews.

At Roxboro, N C, Feb. 18, 1901, one bbl peach brandy, 41 gallons, 14 gallons Holland gin, 15 gallons blackberry wine, 7 gallons apple brandy, 3 gallons raspberry wine, 44 gallons rye whiskey, 89 gallons corn whiskey, 20 quarts, 19 pints, 34 ½ pints rye whiskey.

At Wilson, N. C., February 22, 1901, six cases containing 3 gallons of corn whiskey, as property of Lowenstein & Co.

Persons claiming the above property will file their claims with me in my office within 30 days as required by law, or the same will be forfeited to the use of the United States.

February 25, 1901.

E. C. DUNCAN, Collector.

By J. P. H. ADAMS,
Deputy Collector, Raleigh, N. C.

Poison Oak Poison Ivy

are among the best known of the many dangerous wild plants and shrubs. To touch or handle them quickly produces swelling and inflammation with intense itching and burning of the skin. The eruption soon disappears, the sufferer hopes forever; but almost as soon as the little blisters and pustules appeared the poison had reached the blood, and will break out at regular intervals and each time in a more aggravated form. This poison will loiter in the system for years, and every atom of it must be forced out of the blood before you can expect a perfect, permanent cure.

SSS Nature's Antidote FOR Nature's Poisons,

is the only cure for Poison Oak, Poison Ivy, and all noxious plants. It is composed exclusively of roots and herbs. Now is the time to get the poison out of your system, as delay makes your condition worse. Don't experiment longer with salves, washes and soaps—they never cure.

Mr. S. M. Marshall, bookkeeper of the Atlanta (Ga.) Gas Light Co., was poisoned with Poison Oak. He took Sulphur, Arsenic and various other drugs, and applied externally numerous lotions and salves with no benefit. At times the swelling and inflammation was so severe he was almost blind. For eight years the poison would break out every season. His condition was much improved after taking one bottle of S. S. S., and a few bottles cleared his blood of the poison, and all evidences of the disease disappeared.

People are often poisoned without knowing when or how. Explain your case fully to our physicians, and they will cheerfully give such information and advice as you require, without charge, and we will send it at the same time an interesting book on Blood and Skin Diseases.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

FLORIDA WEST INDIA SALT SHORT LINE. VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

BETWEEN NEW YORK, TAMPA ATLANTA, NEW ORLEANS, AND POINTS SOUTH AND WEST.

IN EFFECT FEBRUARY 24, 1901.

SOUTHBOUND.

	Daily No. 31	Daily No. 27
Lv New York, Penn.R.R	12 55 pm	12 10 am
Lv Philadel P R R	3 29 pm	3 50 am
Lv Baltimore, "	5 45 pm	6 22 am
Lv Washington P. R. R.	8 05 pm	8 35 am
Lv Richmond, S A L Ry	10 50 pm	12 23 am
Lv Ridgeway Jct	2 05 am	3 30 pm
Lv Raleigh	3 45 am	5 09 pm
Ar Hamlet	6 30 am	7 50 pm
Lv "	6 45 am	8 10 pm
Lv Columbia	8 40 am	10 30 am
Ar Savannah	12 10 pm	2 20 am
Ar Jacksonvill	5 50 pm	6 30 am
Ar Tampa	5 00 am	5 00 pm
	No 402.	No. 41.
Lv New York NYP & N	† 7 55 am	8 55 pm
Lv Philadelphia	10 20 am	11 26 pm
Lv N Y, O D & S S Co.	† 3 00 p.m.	
Lv Baltimore B S P Co.		† 6 30pm
Lv Wash'n N & W S B		6 30pm
Lv Portsmouth S A L By	9 00 pm	10 05 am
Lv Ridgeway Jct	12 55 am	2 10 pm
Lv Raleigh	3 02 am	4 47 pm
Ar Hamlet	6 30 am	7 40 pm
Lv "	6 45 am	8 05 pm
Ar Wilmington,	12 00 pm	
Ar. Charlotte,	9 51 am	10 45 pm
Ar Atlanta	3 30 pm	5 30 am
Ar Augusta & W C	9 10 pm	11 40
Ar Macon C of Ga.	7 20 pm	11 10 am
Ar Montg'ry A & W P	9 20 pm	11 00 am
Ar Mobile L & N.	2 55 am	4 12 pm
Ar New Orleans L & N	7 30 am	8 30 pm
Ar Nashvil N C & St L	5 35 am	6 55 pm
Ar Memphis "	4 00pm	8 10 am

NORTHBOUND.

	Daily No 403	Daily No 38
Lv Atlanta S A L Ry	1 00 pm	9 00 pm
Lv Charlotte	6 30pm	9 00 am
Lv. Wilmington,	3 30pm	
Ar Hamlet	8 30pm	8 05 am
Ar Raleigh	9 50am	11 30 am
Lv Rid'way	1 05 am	4 00pm
Ar Portsmouth	7 00am	9 00pm.
Ar Wash'ton N & W S B		7 00am
Ar Baltimore B & P Co.		7 00am
Ar New York O C S S Co		1 30pm
Ar Philadelphia N YP&N	5 45 pm	5 10am
ar New York	8 35 pm	8 00am
	44	66
Lv Tampa S A L	9 00 pm	8 00am
Lv Jacksonville	10 20 am	7 45 pm
Lv Savannah	1 50 pm	11 50 am
Lv Columbia	6 27 pm	5 45 am
Lv Hamlet	9 40 pm	9 20 am
Lv Raleigh	12 28am	12 07pm
Lv Ridgeway Jct	2 10am	2 15pm
Lv Richmond	5 10am	5 00pm
Ar Washington, P. R. R.	8 45am	9 00pm
Ar Baltimore P R R	10 05am	11 40pm
Ar Philadelphia P & R.	12 27pm	2 06am
Ar New York P R R	3 15pm	6 30am

Note.—Daily except Sunday. *Central Time †Eastern Time.

Dining cars between New York and Richmond, and Hamlet and Jacksonville on trains nos. 31 and 44.

Tickets on sale to all points. Pullman births. Reserved and reservations made on outgoing steamers from Norfolk. Baggage checked from hotel and residences without extra charge. Call at the

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RALEIGH, N. C.

'Phones 117.

H. S. LEARD, T. P. A., Hamlet, N C
R. E. L. BUNCH, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General offices: Portsmouth, Va.

S. A. L. CHANGES.

Taking effect at 12:01 Sunday, Feb 24th, the following changes will be made in S. A. L. passenger trains:

Atlanta Special, operated between Atlanta and Portsmouth, No 402, will leave Raleigh, northbound at 3 a. m., southbound at 3:46 a m

The Florida and Metropolitan Limited No. 44, operated between New York and St. Augustine, will leave Raleigh, northbound at 12:26 a. m., southbound at 3:46 a. m.

Trains No. 402, northbound, will stop at Wake, Franklinton, Henderson, Warren Plains and Littleton.

Train No. 403, southbound, will stop at Apex, Moncure, Sanford, Southern Pines and Pine Bluff on flag.

No change in present schedule of day trains.

C. H. GATTIS, C. P. & T. A.,
Raleigh, N. C.

Every cotton planter should write for our valuable illustrated pamphlet, "Cotton Culture." It is sent free.

Send name and address to GERMAN KALI WORKS, 93 Nassau St., N. Y.

HICKS' CAPUDINE Headache Cure . .

LEAVES NO BAD EFFECT WHATEVER

15, 25 and 50c. at Druggists

Anticephalalgine

The Original HEADACHE and NEURALGIA CURE.

SAFEST - AND - BEST

25 and 50 cents a bottle

For Sale by all Druggists.

Raleigh Marble Works

COOPER BROS., —PROPRIETORS— RALEIGH, N. C.

Monuments.

Shipments made to any part of the state at same price as at shop.

Write for Catalogue.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

The Standard Railway of The South.

The Direct Line to all points

Texas - California Florida - Cuba and Porto Rico.

Strictly FIRST CLASS Equipment on all through and local trains; Pullman Palace Sleeping cars on all night trains. Fast and safe schedules.

Travel by the Southern and you are assured a safe, comfortable and expeditious journey.

Apply to ticket agents for time tables, rates and general information, or address

(No trouble to answer questions)

S. H. HARDWICK, G. P. A.,
Washington. D. C.

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A QUICK CURE FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Very valuable Remedy in all affections of the THROAT or LUNGS

Large Bottles, 25c.

DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Limited, Prop's of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.

A FREE PATTERN (your own selection) to every subscriber. Only 50 cents a year.

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LADIES' MAGAZINE.

A gem; beautiful colored plates; latest fashions; dressmaking economies; fancy work; household hints; fiction, etc. Subscribe to-day, or, send 5c. for latest copy. Lady agents wanted. Send for terms.

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Study at and from the McCall Bazar Patterns and learn to cut, fit and make your own and your children's clothes. Any one can do it by following the simple rules and directions given with each pattern.

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WANTED.—Two reliable Traveling Salesmen in each State; permanent position; salary and expenses; experience not absolutely essential. Address, Piedmont Tobacco Works, Greensboro, N. C. 6w

Public School Books!

The Public Schools are now opening over the State, and will need supplies. These school books and supplies can be had at a discount to teachers and dealers from

ALFRED WILLIAMS & CO.,

RALEIGH, N. C

Do You Suffer From Catarrh?

Then Use Simpson's Catarrh Cream.

INSTANT RELIEF.

CURES MOST OBSTINATE CASES.

Price 25 Cents. Address WILLIAM SIMPSON, Raleigh, N. C.

THE YARBOROUGH HOUSE.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Is headquarters for Everybody.

Rates $2.00 and $2.50 per day.

Elegant Rooms With Baths,

50 CENTS PER DAY EXRA.

L. T. BROWN, Manager.

FREE COACH AT ALL TRAINS.

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Under New Management. Has been Thoroughly Renovated.

Rates : $2 : to : $2.50 : Per : Day

M. S. JAMES, Proprietor. M. S. GREGORY, Manager.

Fifty Thousand Copies

Of TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC will be issued for the Year 1901.

To advertise is simply to make known, who you are, where you are, and what you have to sell. How to do this effectually, and at the smallest possible cost is the problem for you to solve. The failure to obtain desired results from advertising is due to the way some people do it, and they invariably say "It does not pay." The judicious way is to use a medium that has reputation, circulation and permanency. Turner's N. C. Almanac has been the State Standard for 64 years, and has an annual circulation of 50,000 copies, and remains a standing advertisement for a year. Advertising rates upon application.

ENNIS PUBLISHING CO., RALEIGH, N. C.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, CITY OF RALEIGH, WAKE COUNTY. } S. S.

N. B. Broughton makes oath that he is of the firm of Edwards & Broughton, Printers and Binders, doing business in the city of Raleigh and that the said firm have made a contract with the ENNIS PUBLISHING Company to print 50,000 copies of Turner's N. C. Almanac for the year 1900. N. B. BROUGHTON.

SEAL. Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this the 27th day of August, A. D. 1900. W. M. RUSS, Clerk Superior Court, by VITRUVIUS ROYSTER, Deputy Clerk.

PEACE INSTITUTE AND CONSERVATORY, RALEIGH, N. C.

A thorough school of high-ade for girls. In Pine belt North Carolina so famous health.

Judge Gray of Culpeper, Va., says: "The best female school of which I have any knowledge." Catalogue free. Jas. Dinwiddie, A. M., Prin. Alfred C. Goodwin, Director.

TO COLLEGE FREE.

THE NEW YORK HOME MAGAZINE will pay your tuition in one of your near by Business Schools or Colleges

FOR ONE YEAR

if you will secure by May 1st, 1901, more paid subscribers at $1.00 each than anyone else in your town or county. It makes no difference about the number you secure, whether it is ten or ten dozen; the scholarship is guaranteed to the authorized worker who simply gets the MOST. There are

1,000 SCHOLARSHIPS DONATED

to us for our disposal at pleasure.

THE NEW YORK HOME MAGAZINE is a beautifully illustrated monthly of 140 pages. It is long established and well known. Its stories, articles, illustrations, etc., are all by artists and authors of the highest reputation and popularity.

CONDITIONS.

These are simple and few:

First, the candidate must, of course, be of good character and must furnish one or two satisfactory references before being appointed as a scholarship contestant for the town or county selected. Our credentials give authority to secure subscriptions and collect money for same.

For expenses and trouble, 25 per cent. may be retained out of each $1.00 collected. The scholarship may be used by any member of your family.

Our outfit is entirely free.

Contest closes May 1st. Results announced in this paper.

Write for further information and "application blank."

If you want to examine THE HOME MAGAZINE, apply to any newsdealer, or send ten cents in stamps. Scholarship contest,

THE NEW YORK HOME MAGAZINE,
93-99 Nassau Street, New York.

WANTED!

Reliable man for Manager of Branch Office we wish to open in this vicinity. If your record is O. K. here is an opportunity. Kindly give good reference when writing.

THE A. T. MORRIS WHOLESALE HOUSE
CINCINNATI, OHIO.

Illustrated catalogue 4 cts. stamps.

W. R. SMITH'S COLLEGE, LEXINGTON, KY.,

Is where many young men, after investing from $65 to $90 for tuition, board, etc., have been educated for positions as Bookkeepers, Stenographers, Telegraphers, and now receive from $900 to $1,500 salary per year. Kentucky University Diplomas awarded his graduates. His College received Medals at two World's Expositions and refers to thousands of successful graduates. No time like this cheapest and most Influential College. Good location. Cut this out for reference. Read advertisement. For particulars address only W. R. Smith, Lexington, Ky.

THE WIFE'S POCKETBOOK.

It Should Contain a Fair Share of Her Husband's Income for Her Personal Use.

"The average American husband does not seem to be able to get it through his well-meaning but halting mind that nothing on God's earth humiliates a wife more than to be compelled to ask her husband for money," writes Edward Bok of "The Wife and Her Money," in the March Ladies' Home Journal. "She instinctively hesitates to do it, and ofttimes she goes without rather than ask. Every wife should be given all that it is possible for the husband to allow for household expenses, and it should not be doled out to her in driblets nor given to her as a favor; but as her right, and without question. Over such a share she should have independent sway to do with as she sees fit for the wisest interests of her home and children. That is one rightful step. But there is still another. She should have an allowance of her own apart from the family share of the income. I have no hesitation in saying that if the truth were known it is just this humiliating dependence upon a man for every little trifle that a woman needs that is making thousands of women restless and anxious for outside careers. This is the only fair excuse I have ever been able to see for the hysterical rantings of the modern advanced woman. In that particular she is right and is absolutely justified in filing a protest. A wife is too great and important a factor in the life of her husband to be made a financial dependent."

Three Conditions for Good Government.

"Three general specifications are essential to good city government," says Bird S. Coler in Everybody's Magazine. "They are intelligence, honestly, and simplicity. To successfully manage the interests of a great municipal corporation the keenest intelligence is necessary. Conditions are constantly changing and new problems arising. The men charged with the responsibility of administration must be able to think and act quickly and make few mistakes. They must, above all things, be progressive, peering into the mists of the future for new landmarks and guide-posts rather than lag irresolute among the unchangeable errors of yesterday. Without moral and political honesty, government becomes dangerous and corrupt. Honesty in the conduct of municipal affairs needs to be positive rather than negative. It must be of that sterling and energetic character that will render and compel faithful and loyal service. There are other ways of robbing a city than stealing money from its treasury. It may be robbed by careless and incompetent work. It may be robbed and permanently injured by inferior skill; and the honest and capable public officer is the one who guards the interests of the people at every point."

Mills to Shorten Time.

Hickory-Mercury.

We understand the cotton mill men are trying to agree not to run on Saturdays and at nights. If this this be true, it indicates a crash in business. We feel sorry for the mill men who have their money invested. But it is hardest on the operatives. What they will do can't be answered accurately. No man should leave the farm to go into the milling or manufacturing business as a laborer. It is dangerous to do so. And the effect it would have on politics, if a crash were to come now, it would not take a Solomon to answer. For the good of the people, which should be far above any school of politics, we hope times will get better instead of worse.

Death From Swallowing a Piece of Tobacco.

Washington Post.

Daniel Wallace, a negro, about forty-five years old, became ill on a Pennsylvania avenue car, near Twelfth street, last evening, and was removed to the Emergency Hospital in the ambulance. Just after the wagon arrived at the hospital Wallace expired.

While being conveyed to the hospital, he complained of violent cramps, supposed to have been caused by his having swallowed a piece of tobacco which he was chewing. The physicians at the hospital were unable to say positively what caused Wallace's death, and Coroner Nevitt, who was notified, has ordered an autopsy. Wallace's home was at 213 Cradtree alley.

A Remarkable Man.

Greenville Weekly.

There is a remarkable old white man living near Pantego, Beaufor county. His name is Ransom Saunders. He is nearly 90 years old, has been married six times (his sixth wife is still living) has been the father of nearly 40 children and apparently has still a long lease of life. He is well and strong and works hard. He dresses very thin even in the coldest weather, about like the average man does in summer, and never wears an overcoat. He is covered all over his person with thick, long hair that is greater protection than lots of clothes would be from the cold. He is regular in his habits and a good citizen.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle Sold by all druggists throughout the world.

Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diuretic.

May be worth to you more than $100 if you have a child who soils bedding from incontenence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once. $1. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist.

THE LAND OF "PRETTY SOON."

I know a land where the streets are paved
With the things which we meant to achieve.
It is walled with the money we meant to have saved
And the pleasure for which we grieve.
The kind words unspoken, the promises broken
And many a coveted boon,
Are stowed away there in that land somewhere—
The land of "Pretty Soon."

There are uncut jewels of possible fame
Lying about in the dust,
And many a noble and lofty aim
Covered with mold and rust,
And oh! this place, while it seems so near,
Is farther away than the moon.
Though our purpose is fair, yet we never get there
The land of "Pretty Soon."

The road that leads to that mystic land
Is strewn with pitiful wrecks,
And the Ships that have sailed for its shining strand
Bear skelotons on their decks.
It is farther at noon than it was at dawn,
And farther at night than at noon;
Oh, let us beware of that land down there—
The land of "Pretty Soon."

—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.

Four More Bodies Found.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 22.—Four more charred human bodies were this morning discernible beneath the smouldering wreck of the Atlantic City flyer on the Amber division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. This makes a total of fourteen killed. The injured number thirty, of whom six will probably die.

Smallpox in Mecklenburg.

Charlotte, N. C., Feb. 22.—The county physician today reports about eight cases of smallpox in Mecklenburg county. Of this number five are in the pest-house, near here. There are also several cases of varioloid. The situation is well in hand, and no one is in the least nervous. In fact, the disease creates no more alarm than does the grippe.

A Big Fire at Greenville.

Greenville was visited by a fire Friday night that did considerable damage. Mr. J. F. King's livery stables, a vacant store, a barroom and several shanties were destroyed. The loss is estimated at five thousand dollars.

Ten people were killed and 25 wounded Thursday, in a railroad collision near Trenton, N. J.

Much of the $100,000 appropriations by Congress for guaging streams and locating artesian wells will be spent in North Carolina.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss
Lucas County,

Frank J. Cheeney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheeney & Co, doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHEENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

SEAL. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

FLORIDA AND METROPOLITAN LIMITED

BY THE

Seaboard Air Line Railway,

"Florida and West India Short Line"

TO THE

WINTER RESORTS OF THE SOUTH.

The Only Line Operating Daily Limited Trains to Florida.

Effective January 14th, the Seaboard Air Line Railway, the only line operating daily limited trains to Florida, will put on its magnificent new train, "Florida and Metropolitan Limited," solid from New York via Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington to Richmond, Raleigh, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville and St. Augustine. Connections at Jacksonville for Tampa and all Florida points, and at St. Augustine for the East Coast. This train also carries Drawing Room Sleeping car New York to Atlanta. Leaves Boston 12:08 a. m., New York 12:55 p. m., (from 28rd Street Station Pennsylvania Railroad), Philadelphia 3:29 p. m., Baltimore 5:45 p. m., Washington 6:55 p. m., arriving at Southern Pines, N. C. 5:56 a. m , Columbia, S. C., 10:00 a. m., Savannah, Ga., 12:25 p. m., Jacksonville 3:50 p. m., St. Augustine 5:00 p. m., Tampa 6:30 a. m., Charlotte 9:51 a. m., Atlanta 4:35 p. m. Connections are made both at Miami on the East Coast and Port Tampa on the West Coast for Key West and Havana. The "Florida and Metropolitan Limited" is luxuriously equipped in every respect, with Pullman Drawing Room Car, Compartment Car with Drawing Rooms and State Rooms, Observation Car, through Day Coaches and unexcelled Pullman Dining Car service.

For further information, call on or write to all Pennsylvania Railroad offices, or representatives of the Seaboard Air Line Railway at 306 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.; 1206 and 371 Broadway, New York; 30 South Third Street, Philadelphia; 207 East German Street, Baltimore, 1434 New York Ave., Washington; or to R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

FLORIDA AND ATLANTA FAST MAIL

BY THE

Seaboard Air Line Railway,

"Florida and West India Short Line"

TO THE

WINTER RESORTS OF THE SOUTH.

The Only Line Operating Daily Limited Trains to Florida.

The "Florida and Atlanta Fast Mail," another of the Seaboard Air Line Railway's splendidly equipped trains, leaves New York daily at 12:10 a. m., 23rd Street Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, with Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Car and Day Coaches to Raleigh, Southern Pines, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, where connections are made for St. Augustine, Tampa and all Florida points. Connections are also made at Hamlet, N. C., with Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Car to Atlanta, Ga., with connections at Atlanta, for New Orleans and Mexico, and Texas and Pacific Coast Points. This train connects at Washington with train leaving Boston 7:00 p. m. Leaves Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., Baltimore 6:22 a. m., Washington 8:25, Richmond 12:23 p. m., arriving at Southern Pines 6:57 p. m., Columbia 11:20 p. m., Savannah 2:50 a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 11:10 a. m., Tampa 5:30 p. m. Through Pullman Drawing Room Sleeper New York to Jacksonville. Through Vestibuled Passenger coaches and perfect service.

For information call on or write to all Pennsylvania Railroad offices, or Seaboard Air Line Railway representatives at 306 Washington St., Boston, Mass.; 1206 and 371 Broadway, New York; 30 South Third Street, Philadelphia; 207 East German Street, Baltimore; 1434 New York Ave., Washington, or to R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

IF THE BABY IS CUTTING TEETH

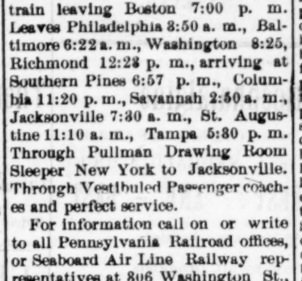
Be sure and use that old and well tried remedy, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25 cents a bottle.

Women can't always find profitable employment, but C. H. Robinson & Co., Charlotte, N. C., can furnish it. 2t

Valuable Almanac Free.

We have received a copy of the new almanac for 1901 published by the Royal Baking Powder Company. It is an artistic and useful book and will be of interest to housekeepers. A noteworthy feature of the almanac is a prediction of the weather for every day in the year, by Prof. DeVoe, who correctly prophesied the great Galveston cyclone and other important meteorological events. We are authorized to say that any woman reader of this paper can secure a copy without cost by sending a request to the Company, at 100 William St., New York.

The Eminent Kidney and Bladder Specialist.



The Discoverer of Swamp-Root at Work in His Laboratory.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Then the richness of the blood—the albumen—leaks out and the sufferer has Bright's Disease, the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** the new discovery is the true specific for kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. It has cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases, after all other efforts have failed. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. A sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling about Swamp-Root and its wonderful cures. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. and mention this paper.

THE

Cash Buyers' Supply Company

Will furnish you (if cash accompanies the order) anything needed at home, on the farm or in your place of business, and SAVE YOU MONEY. We keep no goods, no store, hire no clerks or collectors; but, instead, purchase direct from manufacturers, wholesale dealers, jobbers, &c., AT LOWEST CASH PRICES, and for cash.

If you need any Agricultural Implement or Machinery, Farm seeds Hardware, Iron Roofing, Wire Fencing, Groceries, Fruit Trees, Fruits, Musical Instruments, Sewing Machines, Books, Stationery, Furniture, Dry Goods, Notions, Shoes, Clothing, Tombstones, Blooded Stock or Poultry, OR ANYTHING ELSE, write for prices.

☞ Below are prices on a few leading articles, DELIVERED at any depot in North Carolina: Two horse wagons, neat and durable, $36; one horse wagon $35; dump carts $24; cart wheels and axle $14; high arm, 5-drawer, drop-head sewing machine, with latest attachments, $16; nice cottage organ $35; chapel organ $40; beautiful 7⅓ octave pianos, splendid tone and well made, $145 and up, according to style of case and finish.

If we cannot save you money we do not want your orders.

W. S. BARNES, Manager.

Raleigh, N. C.

PEOPLE'S PARTY PLATFORM

Adopted Unanimously by Convention April 18th, 1900.

The People's Party Convention assembled in Raleigh, April 18th, reaffirms the principles set forth in the People's Party National platform adopted at St. Louis in 1896, and instructs the delegates to the National Convention at Sioux Falls May 9th to vote for the nomination of William J. Bryan for President.

We commend the present State Administration for its high personal and official integrity, and challenge a comparison of its record with any and all of its predecessors.

We condemn the Democratic Legislature of 1899 for its extravagant expenditures of public money, amounting to $1,594,765.76 in 1899, as opposed to $1,283,971.11, expended by the preceding Legislature, an excess of $310,794.65, not including the sum of $100,000 for public education nor the $63,350 for purchase of State farms.

We further condemn said Legislature for the careless blundering and careless legislation, including more gross blunders and unconstitutional laws than ever before enacted by any General Assembly in North Carolina.

We further denounce the machine leaders of the Democratic party for laying the whip on the backs of the Democratic Legislature and forcing them into enacting and submitting a disfranchising constitutional amendment in violation of the solemn pledges of the party, made not only officially in their campaign handbook, but by members of the General Assembly and other Democratic candidates for office in their canvass before the people. We denounce them not only for doing this in violation of their pledges, but also for submitting a measure most odious in form and dangerous in effect. That General Assembly being composed of, some of the best lawyers of the party, must have known, or at least had a reasonable doubt, not only as to the unconstitutionality of the monstrous provision of Section 5, known as the "grandfather clause" in said amendment, but also of the great danger of that unconstitutional sectional section falling, leaving the remainder of the amendment to stand, thus disfranchising by an educational qualification fifty or sixty thousand white voters of North Carolina, who in 1898 gave the Democratic party power in the Legislature, and whose ignorance is no fault of their own but is chargeable to the neglect of the Democratic party, which now seeks to disfranchise them and make their ignorance a crime alongside that of the felon.

But even if the proposed amendment were not unconstitutional (as it clearly is), still it is especially objectionable in the following particulars:

(a) In that it dignifies with the right of suffrage the most vicious, troublesome and obnoxious class of the negro population, and completely disfranchises the most faithful, kindly and orderly element of that race.

(b) In that, while clamoring for white supremacy and declaring that no white man shall be disfranchised under this amendment, they have so written their amendment that every white boy becoming of age after 1908 stands on the same footing with the negro, and can not vote unless he is able to read and write.

(c) In that by the latter provision, they have made it possible for the educated negro after 1908 to cast his ballot while the unfortunate son of the white men who have been the strength of true democracy stands without a vote at the ballot box. They slaughter the suffrage of the son whose father they dare not openly attack.

(d) In that this suffrage amendment does not remove the negro from politics or settle the negro question in North Carolina.

(e) In that every voter who has not paid his poll tax as much as five months before the State election and eight months before the national election, shall be disfranchised as much as if he were convicted of felony or were an ignorant negro. The purpose of this provision is not only to disfranchise every good honest citizen who unfortunately cannot pay his taxes by the first of March preceding the election, but further to try to bribe the voter to surrender his suffrage at the expense of the public school fund of the State, which is derived from poll taxes. There lurks behind this proposition a still greater danger to the public schools of the State, for with the adoption of the amendment the opponents of free schools in North Carolina will at once raise the cry that every dollar raised for public instruction means the increase of the number of negro voters, and thus the poor white man's son will be chained in bondage of ignorance and disfranchised to prevent the education of the negro voter. There is no white supremacy in this.

The constitutional question presented by the proposed amendment is one that must be determined by the judgment and conscience of each individual voter. Therefore, we do not make it a party question. We state the evils and dangers and leave the voters of all parties to pass their verdict in the light of these facts. The question is above party, and no one should be more active and anxious in our judgment to defeat it than the rank and file of the Democratic party.

The People's Party is and has always been more distinctly than any other party in North Carolina a white man's party, and is more anxious than any other party to solve the race problem, and to force all parties to a discussion of the great economic issues so vitally affecting the welfare of all wealth producers of the State and nation and decency in politcs.

Therefore, we propose in lieu of this dangerous amendment, the best solution of the race question that is possible as long as the 15th amendment to the Constitution of the United States stands—a solution which deprives no white man in North Carolina now or hereafter of his right of suffrage, to-wit:

Amend Section 6, Art. 6, of the Constitution of North Carolina by inserting among the disqualifications for office, enumerated therein, the following, viz: All negroes and all persons of negro descent to the third generation inclusive.

If the Democratic Legislature which meets in June will offer this safe, constitutional and wholesome amendment in lieu of the present scheme it will have our hearty support. If they will not, we appeal to the people to rally to our assistance to elect a Legislature pledged to support such an amendment.

We congratulate the people of North Carolina upon the decision of the State Supreme Court in the case of Harris vs. Wright (131 N. C. R., 172), declaring that the General Assembly has power to provide different systems of county government for various counties of the State. Acting under this decision, we pledge the People's Party to the maintenance of the system of local self-government in all the white counties, towns and cities in the State as established by the General Assembly of 1895, and at the same time to provide and maintain a legislative system of county government for all the negro counties of the State, so that there can never be any question that the white people shall always have full and complete control of county in the State.

We denounce the Democratic Legislature of 1899 for passing an election law, every provision of which is carefully and cunningly planned, and devised to thwart the sovereign will of the people of North Carolina by wholesale fraud and debauchery of the ballot box. We declare, without fear of successful contradiction, that it is the most partisan, unfair, infamous and reprehensible election law that has ever disgraced the statute books of any State in the Union.

We pledge ourselves to increase the efficiency of the public school system in North Carolina, and point to the fact that the People's Party has done more for public education in North Carolina than the Democratic party ever did in twice the length of time. To the Populists of North Carolina is to be credited the first great increase in the public school system.

We pledge ourselves to the care of the unfortunate class in North Carolina and to an increase in the necessary facilities for the same. As an earnest of our sincerity, we point to our past record in this particular, and say that no "Legislature in which Populists have had a controlling voice has ever turned a deaf ear to the demand of the unfortunate, or been followed by an urgent appeal for additional provision as has been recently issued by the Board of Public Charities because of the failure of the Democratic Legislature to make such provision as seen and urgently needed at the time they were consuming their time in enacting political legislation and creating new offices during the session of 1899.

Labor is indispensable to the creation and profitable use of capital. Capital increases the efficiency and value of labor. Whoever arrays one against the other, is an enemy of both. That policy is wisest and best, which harmonizes the two on the basis of absolute justice.

Men can be cured privately and positively at home of all weakness and disease Write for new free book to Dr. J. N. Hathaway, 22½ S. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga. tf

DISTRESSING STOMACH DISEASE.

Permanently cured by the masterly power of "South African Nervine Tonic." Invalids need suffer no longer, because this great remedy can cure them all. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and indigestion. The cure begins with the first dose. The relief it brings is marvelous and surprising. It makes no failure; never disappoints. No matter how long you have suffered, your cure is certain under the use of this great health-giving force. Pleasant and always safe. Sold by Henry T. Hicks, Druggist, Raleigh, N. C.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS OF N. C. R. R. CO.

Burlington, N. C., January 15th, 1901.

The first payment of the 89th annual dividend, due the Stockholders of the North Carolina Rail Road Company, 3½ per cent. on the capital stock of said Company, will be due and payable at the office of said Company in Burlington, N. C, February 10th, 1901.

The above payment will be made to all stockholders of record at 12 o'clock m., January 20th, 1901.

SPENCER B. ADAMS, Secretary and Treasurer.

LITTLETON FEMALE COLLEGE.

A very prosperous school with modern buildings, splendidly located in a remarkably healthful section in Warren county on S. A. L. Road between Raleigh and Weldon N. C.

Panacea water kept in building at all times for free use of inmates.

Fifteen officers and teachers. Terms very low. For catalogue address Rev J. M. RHODES, A. M., PRESIDENT Littleton, N. C

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Having qualified as Administrator of Henry G. Wiggs, deceased, late of Wake county, N. C., this is to notify all persons having claims against the estate of said deceased to exhibit them to the undersigned on or before the 3rd day of December, A. D, 1901, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. All persons indebted to said estate will please make immediate payment. This the 3rd day of December, 1900.

W. H. CHAMBLEE, Adm'r.

S. A. L. SPECIAL RATES.

WINTER TOURIST RATES.

Winter tourist tickets on sale to Old Point, Va., rate from Raleigh $7.60 to Southern Pines, N. C $3 50 and to all principal points in the State of Florida.

For further particulars regarding trains and general information, address

H. S. Leard, T P A., Hamlet, N C.
C. H. Gattis, C P & T A, Raleigh, N. C.
R E L Bunch, Gen. Pass. Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

NOTICE OF SEIZURE.

Notice is hereby given of seizure of the following property for violation of the internal revenue laws of the United States:

At Allison, N. C., of A. A. Muse, January 8th, 1901, 2 packaages corn whiskey, 26 gallons, by Deputy Collector W. A. McDonald.

At Summerville, N. C., of A. A Sloan, January 12, 1901, by J. P. H. Adams, Deputy Collector, one copper still, 75 gallons, cap and 2 worms, &c, 190 gallons corn whiskey, fermenters, &c.

At La Grange, N. C., of J. K. Aldridge, January 9 and 11, 1901, by J. D. Grimsley, Deputy Collector, 3 packages corn whiskey, 80.9 gallons.

At Wilson, N. C., of W. P. Lester by M. L. Wood, Deputy Collector, 1 package corn whiskey, 15 gallons, January 11, 1901.

At Wilson, N. C., of Wiley Corbett, by M. L. Wood, Deputy Collector, January 11, 1901, 1 package corn whiskey, 40 gallons, wooden still fixtures, &c., and $436 92 in money, in lieu of property seized.

At Hemp, N. C., of A. A. Muse, by W A McDonald, Deputy Collector, 2 packages corn whiskey, 81.6 gallons, one copper still, cap and worm, fermenters, &c., January 17, 1901.

At Snow Hill, N. C., of J. J. Potter, by J. D. Grimsley, Deputy Collector, January 18 and 19, 1901, 10 packages spirits and 70 bottles, containing 396¾ gallons, one copper still, 110 gallons cap and worm, fermenters, &c., 6 packages corn whiskey, 236.8 gallons.

At Littleton, N. C., January 21, 1901, by R. J Lewis, Deputy Collector, 2 jugs, 7 gallons corn whiskey, of Alex N. Wray.

At Franklinton, N. C., January 19, 1901, by J. W. Perkins, Deputy Collector, 3 packages corn whiskey, 8 gallons, of J. H. Harris.

At Selma, N. C., January 23, 1901, by J. W. Perkins, Deputy Collector, 63 quarts, 56 pints and 54 ½ pint bottles of Selma Dispensary.

Persons claiming the above property will file their claims with me in my office within 30 days as required by law, or the same will be forfeited to the use of the United States.

E. C. DUNCAN, Collector 4th District of N. C.
By J. P. H. ADAMS, Deputy Collector, Raleigh, N. C.
January 24, 1901.

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE TRAINS GOING SOUTH

DATED Jan 13, 1901	No. 23 Daily.	No. 35 Daily.	No. 108, Exc'pts Sun.	No. 41 Daily.	No. 40. Daily
	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P M.
Lv Weldon	11 50	8 55	.....	.....	.....
Ar Rocky Mount	1 00	9 51	.....	.....	.....
Lv Tarboro	12 21	.....	9 00	.....	.....
Lv Rocky	1 09	10 12	9 17	5 15	12 53
Lv Wilson	1 39	10 40	7 10	5 57	1 40
Lv Selma	2 55	11 18	.....	.....	.....
Lv Fayettev	4 30	12 35	.....	.....	.....
Ar Florence	7 35	2 40	.....	.....	.....
	P. M.	A M.			
Goldsboro	.....	.....	7 55	6 42	3 30
Magnolia	.....	.....	.....	7 51	4 35
Wilmington	.....	.....	.....	9 25	6 00
				P. M.	A. M. P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH

	No. 78 Daily.	No. 108 Exc'pts Sun.	No. 38 Daily	No. 42 Daily.	No. 40. Daily.
	A. M.		P. M.		
Lv Florence	9 50	.....	5 35	.....	.....
Lv Fayetteville	12 15	.....	9 44	.....	.....
Lv Selma	1 50	.....	11 35	.....	.....
Ar Wilson	3 35	.....	12 13	.....	.....
		A M.		P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington	.....	.....	.....	7 00	9 35
Lv Magnolia	.....	.....	.....	8 30	11 10
Lv Goldsboro	.....	4 20	.....	9 37	12 26
	P. M.		A M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wilson	3 35	5 25	2 13	10 45	1 18
Ar Rocky Mount	5 30	6 10	3 45	11 23	1 53
Ar Tarboro	4 53	6 40	.....	.....	.....
Lv Tarboro	2 21	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lv Rocky Mount	3 30	.....	12 45	.....	.....
Ar Weldon	4 53	.....	1 59	.....	.....
	P. M.		A M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington 9 00 a. m., arrives Fayetteville 12 05 p. m., leaves Fayetteville 12 25 p. m., arrives Sanford 1 43 p. m. Returning leave Sanford 30 5 p. m., arrive Fayetteville 4 20 p. m., leave Fayetteville 4 30 p. m., arrive Wilmington 9 25 p. m.

Wilmington and Weldon Railroad, Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 805 a. m., Maxton 9 15 a. m., Red Springs 9 05 a. m., Hope Mills 10 55 a. m. arrive Fayetteville 1 15. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4 45 p. m., Hope Mills 5 00 p. m., Red Springs 5 45 p. m., Maxton 6 16 p. m., arrives Bennettsville 7 15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No 78 at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3 50 p. m., Halifax 4 17 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 5 08 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7 50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m., arriving Halifax 11:18 a. m. Weldon 11:53 a. m. daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:10 p. m. and 2:30 p. m., arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., arrive Washington 1:00 a. m and 7:30 p. m. daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 5:30 p. m., Sunday 4:15 p. m., arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m., 6 10 p.m., returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7:50 a. m., and Sunday 9 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10:10 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leave Goldsboro daily, except Sunday, 5:00 a. m., arriving Smithfield 6:10 a. m., returning leaves Smithfield 7:00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 8:25 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 9:30 a. m., 3 40 p. m., arrive Nashville 10 20 a. m., 4 08 p. m., Spring Hope 11 00 a. m., 4 25 p. m., returning leave Spring Hope 12:20 a. m., 4 55 p.m., Nashville 11 45 a. m., 5 20 p. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 12 00 a. m., 6 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11;40 a. m., and 4;25 p. m., returning leaves Clinton at 7:45 a. m. and 2:50 p. m.

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A. & N. C. RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE 11.

To take effect Sunday Mar. 11 1900, at 7:00 A. M. at Goldsboro.

Supersedes Time Table 10. of Oct. 22 1899 and all supplements thereto.

STATIONS	Daily ex Sun. mixt mold frt't cars and passengers.	Passenger Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.
Lv. Goldsboro*		5 30
Best's		5 5
LaGrange*		5 5
Falling Creek		6 10
Kinston		6 22
Caswell		6 36
Ar Dover*		6 45
Lv Dover		6 45
Core's Creek		6 57
Tuscarora		7 00
Clark's		7 15
Ar New Bern*		7 30
Lv New Bern		7 40
Riverdale		8 06
Croatan		8 08
Havelock		8 30
Newport*		8 33
Wildwood		8 39
Atlantic		8 44
Ar Morehead City*		8 52
Lv Morehead City		8 57
Atlantic Hotel		
Ar M. City Depot*		9 00

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

STATIONS.	Passenger daily.	Daily except Sun day, Mixt mold frt't cars and passenger.
	A. M.	P. M.
Ar Goldsboro*	11 00	3 30
Best	11 43	4 15
W LaGrange*	11 53	4 25
Falling Creek	12 13	4 37
W Kinston*	12 33	4 40
Caswell	12 50	5 15
Dover	1 08	5 37
Core Creek	1 20	5 50
Tuscarora	1 30	6 00
Clark's	1 45	6 11
Lv Newbern*	2 00	4 50
Ar Riverdale	2 15	6 27
Croatan	2 39	
Havelock	3 00	
W Newport*	3 15	
Wildwood	3 30	
Atlantic	3 35	
Lv Morehead City*	3 27	
Ar Atlantic Hotel	3 25	
Lv M. City Depot	3 05	
	A. M.	P. M.

W—Water stations. f—Stop on Signal
*—Telegraph station. s—Regular stop.

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